

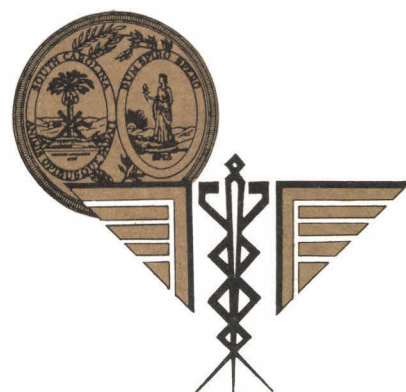
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Fifth Annual Report

South Carolina Department Of Mental Health 1967-68

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WILLIAM S. HALL, M.D.
STATE COMMISSIONER





FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT

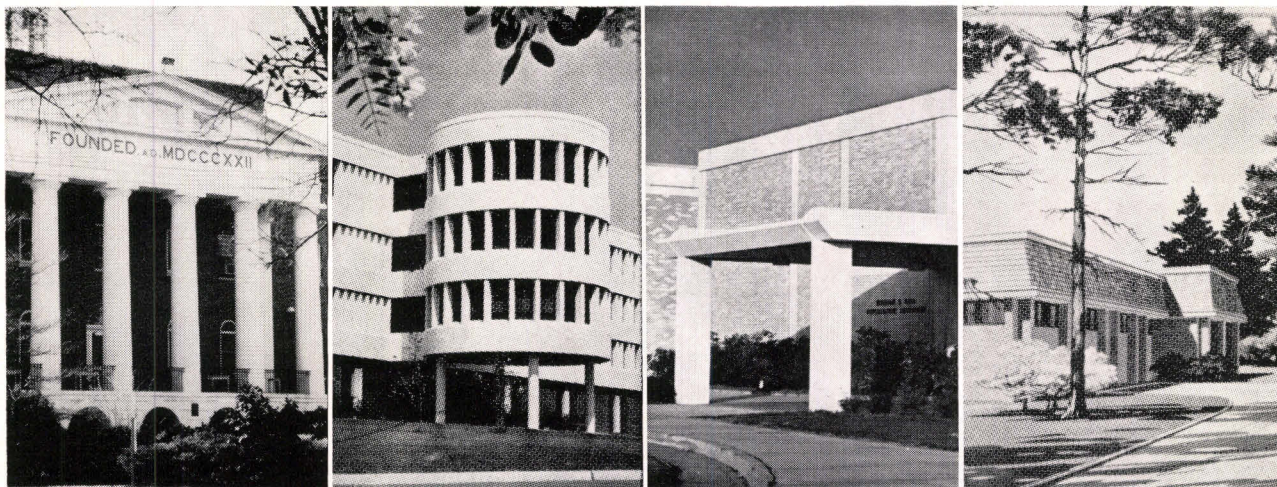
JULY 1, 1967
JUNE 30, 1968

ROBERT E. McNAIR
GOVERNOR

C. M. TUCKER, JR.
CHAIRMAN

WILLIAM S. HALL, M.D.
COMMISSIONER

South Carolina Department of Mental Health
COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA



included in this volume:

Mental Health Commission

16th Annual Report, S. C. Department of Mental Health—

145th Annual Report, S. C. State Hospital

5th Annual Report, Crafts-Farrow State Hospital

3rd Annual Report, William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute

14th Annual Report, Pineland

S. C. STATE LIBRARY

FEB 19 1971

contents

Across The Commissioner's Desk	7
Division of Administrative Services	8
Division of Community Mental Health Services	11
South Carolina State Hospital Report	15
Crafts-Farrow State Hospital Report	21
William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute Report	25
Pineland Report	33
Charts and Graphs	37
Staff	{ INSIDE BACK COVER



In looking over the accomplishments of the Department of Mental Health during this past year, it might seem at first glance that we have not had such an impressive year. I feel, however, that we have had a most impressive year. We have advanced on all fronts. We admit we are still faced with a manpower shortage. We will probably continue to be faced with this, but we are making headway in alleviating this shortage. The decrease in the daily average population of the two major hospitals and the increase in the number of people being served by the clinics and centers is further testimony of our progress. The fact that we are bringing into existence in a relatively small state five community mental health centers within about a year's period of time is very striking when compared to the achievements made in other states in activating centers.

The one single accomplishment during the past year that I would deem the most outstanding is the fact that in the past year we received notice from the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals that their coveted approval had been given to the William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute. This places us in the category of the unique in the Southeast, because we have two major mental health institutions accredited. This indicates that we have competent and qualified personnel to serve and administer to the present patients and

also anticipated patients that will come, offering to these patients that special attention that can only be found in institutes and hospitals which live up to these high standards. It also indicates that the training and research center we are establishing there under the direction of Dr. Alexander G. Donald is beginning to measure up to its expectations. We feel that it will, as the years go by, train more and more direly-needed mental health professionals. With the upgrading of the development program now underway in the Department of Psychiatry at the

across the commissioner's desk

Medical College of South Carolina, I am optimistic about meeting the manpower needs of mental health.

I also foresee that our Technical Education Centers will join in our efforts to produce more manpower, particularly on the sub-professional level.

I would say that our next remarkable accomplishment in the Department of Mental Health during the last year occurred in the Division of Community Mental Health Services, because here we recorded a major accomplishment when the Columbia Area Comprehensive Community Mental Health Center

became the first to be operational in the Southeast.

The first unit of an eventual six-unit long-term care complex in Columbia is now under construction. The first unit should be completed in early 1970 and will be used to house patients whose secondary diagnosis is mental illness, but who need extended skilled nursing care.

Some six million dollars in capital improvements at the two central state hospitals is underway. Complete renovation and modernization of numerous patient-care buildings at Crafts-Farrow is being accomplished. Landscaping of much of the property and the paving and curbing of streets have done much to improve the appearance of the campus.

The creation of a separate Department of Mental Retardation represents a major step forward in providing education and intensive training for these children.

I believe that this all adds up to one thing — we are doing our job and doing it well. Our program for the next year will be basically a continuation of the upgrading and expansion of our services, facilities and programs.

If we have done so much — can we now afford to do less?

William S. Hall, M.D.

STATE COMMISSIONER OF
MENTAL HEALTH



JOHN G. MORRIS, JR.
Deputy Commissioner
Administrative Services

division of administrative services

The Department of Mental Health, with its administrative functions spread across the campus of S. C. State Hospital in five separate buildings, moved closer to a unified organization with construction getting underway on the new and first administration building of the Department. The building is to be located on the corner of Bull and Colonial Drive and will be ready for occupancy in 1969. Centralizing the administrative services will not only improve the efficiency of the Departmental activities, but will also allow more space for critically needed new or expanded ward areas.

On December 4, 1967, ground was broken at Pineland, A State Training School and Hospital, for a \$436,000 infirmary. This is a major step toward making Pineland a self-sufficient institution. Presently under the jurisdiction of the State Department of Mental Health, Pineland will be placed under the newly organized Mental Retardation Department on July 1, 1968.

Construction is also under way on the all-faiths chapel at Crafts-Farrow State Hospital. The chapel is designed to meet the needs of the aging in many ways. Completion is expected in early spring of 1969.

A \$100,000 improvement project at Crafts-Farrow has improved the appear-

ance of the physical campus. Streets have been paved, sidewalks laid, shrubbery and grass planted. The general appearance of Crafts-Farrow has changed significantly. At the same time the patient-care programs have improved consistently, with a view towards accreditation by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. Preparing for re-survey for accreditation by the accreditation commission, Building 16-A, the last wooden building used for patient care at S. C. State Hospital, was torn down. Even though it meant additional overcrowding, considering the poor condition of the building and the possibility of fire, the mental health commission decided that the building should be destroyed. In November, 1967, Dr. William S. Hall, State Commissioner of Mental Health, removed the first board of the hazardous building.

South Carolina State Hospital received word in February, 1968, that a standard three-year extension of its accreditation had been granted by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. Four years ago the hospital became the first state mental hospital in the southeast to receive the stamp of approval from this watch-dog committee of the American Hospital Association, American Medical Association, American College of Surgeons and American College of Physicians.

Several significant administrative personnel changes were enacted. Dr. Karl V. Daskocil was appointed Director of

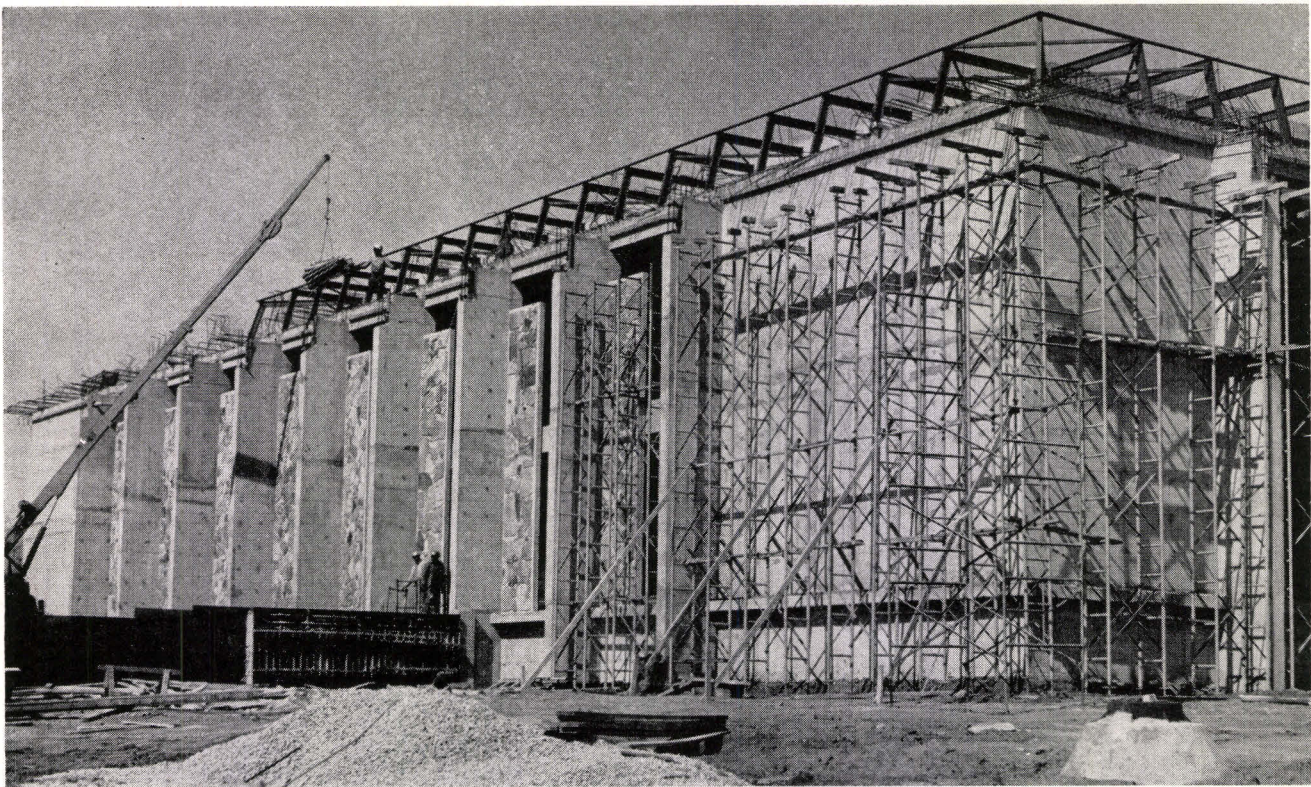
Professional Services at S. C. State Hospital, effective March 23, 1968. He had been acting in this position for some time and before that was chief psychiatrist of the Admission-Exit Service.

Dr. Thomas G. Faison was appointed superintendent of Crafts-Farrow State Hospital effective January 13, 1968. Dr. Faison had been a supervising physician at S. C. State Hospital prior to this appointment. He succeeded the late Dr. Sol B. McLendon who died in March, 1967. In the interim Dr. P. G. Boatwright served as acting superintendent in a praiseworthy manner despite the pressure of a near-disabling physical condition. Dr. Boatwright was named Director of Professional Services at the hospital.

personnel section

The fiscal year 1967-68 resulted in one major change in the organization of the S. C. Department of Mental Health. Pineland, a State Training School and Hospital, was transferred to the State Mental Retardation Department, effective July 1, 1968, and all personnel records for Pineland employees were closed out and transferred to Pineland on June 30, 1968.

The Supreme Court of the United States ruled in June, 1968 that the extension of the coverage of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to hospitals was constitutional. Hospitals were included in the amendments to the Act of 1966. The Supreme Court further



ruled that the extension of coverage was retroactive to February 1, 1967. This ruling resulted in many changes in the Personnel Branch activities, increasing the workload of the section considerably.

During the year a total of 10,609 interviews were conducted. A total of 1,212 persons were employed. The problem of recruiting registered nurses was partially alleviated due to the following factors:

1. The closing of a local psychiatric hospital.
2. The July 1, 1967 salary increase.
3. The 35¢ per hour shift differential for second and third shift Registered Nurses which became effective April 7, 1967.
4. The acceptance of two-year Associate Degree Registered Nurses.

patients personal affairs branch

Plans were made to implement the Medicaid Program on July 1, 1968. Coordination with the State Department of Public Welfare was necessary to establish procedures for patient certification of eligibility or rejection; internal procedures for patient status changes, to include data furnished the fiscal intermediary under the Medicare

Program, to avoid dual payments under the two programs.

Funds received from paying patients, excluding Medicare payments, exceeded \$1,000,000. Continued emphasis was placed on filing lead letters for patients who may be eligible to receive benefits from Social Security and/or Veterans Administration benefits. Commercial insurance claims, including military, continued to be a full-time job in processing claim forms. Paid claims have averaged \$10,000 to \$12,000 per month and are expected to increase as time permits claim processing.

purchasing and warehousing branch

A fully automated cost control system was implemented during the year by Purchasing and Warehousing Branch to assign costs of supplies which are issued to consumers from 10 supply points. Plans are being formulated to expand this concept to other cost centers.

grants

During the year 17 grants were funded, totaling \$855,149. Included were funds for the Columbia Area Mental Health Center, first comprehensive community

center in the Southeast. Grants for four additional community centers are expected for the next year.

S. C. State Hospital has an In-Service Training Grant, two Psychiatric Residency Training Grants, and a Library Grant. Crafts-Farrow State Hospital has an In-Service Training Grant, Hospital Improvement Grant and a Library Grant. All of these grants are funded by Health, Education and Welfare funds. Pineland had an In-Service Training Grant, Hospital Improvement Grant, Foster Grandparents Project Grant, Special Education Grant and a Library Grant.

Eighteen grants exceeding \$1,400,000 are expected to be awarded during the coming year.

statistical section

Statistical collection and reporting activities were enlarged during the year. Daily census data on all departmental psychiatric hospitals and Pineland were compiled, reflecting patient movement. Patient data were collected on outpatients seen in mental health clinics, and monthly census data were initiated during the year to provide information on patients seen in the state's new Comprehensive Community Mental Health Centers.

financial statement

July 1, 1967 - June 30, 1968

EXPENDITURES 1967-68:

Office of State Commissioner:

Salaries and Wages	\$ 70,099.00	
Total		\$ 70,099.00

Division Administrative Services:

Salaries and Wages	361,997.40	
Other Classes	81,088.60	
Total		443,086.00

Community Mental Health:

Salaries and Wages	1,009,389.41	
Other Classes	345,759.08	
Total		1,355,148.49

Psychiatric Hospital Service:

Salaries and Wages	9,375,309.04	
Other Classes	3,877,777.41	
Voc. Rehab. (State Quota)	107,842.27	
Deficiency Appropriation	43,378.53	
Total		13,404,307.25

Mental Retardation Service:

Salaries and Wages	738,842.18	
Other Classes	322,877.64	
Voc. Rehab. (State Quota)	51,203.78	
Total		1,112,923.60

GRAND TOTAL	\$16,385,564.34
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SOURCE OF FUNDS:

Supplemental Appropriation	\$ 43,378.53
State Appropriation	15,479,896.00
Federal Grants	254,581.82
Local Funds	371,012.65
Institutional Revenue	236,695.34
TOTAL	\$16,385,564.34

REVENUE STATEMENT (Revenue remitted to General Fund)

Community Mental Health:

Institutional License Fees	\$ 68.50	
Total		\$ 68.50

Psychiatric Hospital Service:

Sale of Salvage	4,403.02	
Sale of Wood	21,795.07	
Rents	11,697.09	
Prior Year Appropriation	143.75	
Out-Patients Fees	1,749.25	
Total		39,788.18

Mental Retardation:

Rents	300.04	
Paying Trainees	20,635.77	
Total		20,935.81

GRAND TOTAL	\$ 60,792.49
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RAYMOND E. ACKERMAN
Deputy Commissioner
Community Mental Health Services

division of community mental health services

On May 19, 1968, Dr. Raymond E. Ackerman, Director of the Charleston Area Mental Health Center, was appointed Deputy Commissioner for the Division of Community Mental Health Services, effective July 1. He succeeds Dr. Alexander G. Donald, now Director of the William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute.

The Division of Community Mental Health Services includes the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, an Education Unit, a Training Unit, a Community Projects Unit, and the fourteen Mental Health Clinics and Centers.

The six functions of the Division are (1) Administering the Department's Grant-in-Aid Program to communities for the operation of community mental health clinics and centers; (2) Fostering the development of new and expanded community mental health services by aiding in the implementation of the recommendations of the 1965 Governor's Advisory Group on Mental Health Planning with regard to the establishment of comprehensive community mental health centers; (3) Promoting a statewide mental health consultation and education program involving an interdisciplinary staff of mental health consultants; (4) Additional education en-

deavors utilizing audio-visual aids (films, books and pamphlets) in close cooperation with the South Carolina Mental Health Association; (5) Training professional personnel to assist in staffing community mental health clinics and centers; and (6) Rendering assistance to the community clinic and center boards in the location and recruitment of trained personnel.

mental health education unit

The Mental Health Education Unit is strongly oriented toward prevention programs, comprehensive planning, innovation in methods of delivery of services, and public mental health education in the interest of enlightened and responsible citizenship for mental health.

planning and project development

The Sumter Child Study Project completed its fifth and final year of operation this fiscal year. The project was funded by a grant from the National Institute of Mental Health and was co-sponsored by the South Carolina Department of Mental Health and the Sumter School District #17. The study was a primary program designed to prevent developmental problems in chil-

dren during their pre-school and early school years. Insights gained from this study in the life crisis of school entry were found to have application to other major life changes also such as marriage, family deaths, adolescence entry, etc.

The Sumter Child Study Project was awarded the 1st place Gold Achievement Award at the 1968 APA Mental Hospital Institute in Minneapolis.

Other achievements that have resulted from the project include the establishment of a Consultant in Prevention and School Mental Health by the S. C. Department of Mental Health. Sumter School District #17 has retained 33 persons in intervention roles developed through the project. Over three hundred consultations and presentations have been made by the project's staff and as a result several other states have adopted similar programs.

sumter adolescence program

The staff of the Education Unit developed and submitted to the National Institute of Mental Health a proposal for a crisis intervention program for early adolescence. The program would be similar in scope to the Sumter Child Study Project, but would deal with children in the 6th grade as they enter junior high school. The proposal re-

ceived a favorable review from the Grants Review Committee of the National Institute of Mental Health and has been approved for funding when funds are available.

community re-entry program initiated

One of the major mental health problems in South Carolina today is helping keep large numbers of people throughout the state from having to leave their homes and communities and enter the two central state hospitals. Preventing this is one of the major purposes of the community centers and clinics. However, many long-term care patients already in the two state hospitals could be returned to the community and to productive lives with some help in social readjustment to community living. The staff of the Education Unit, in collaboration with the Aiken County Mental Health Center, South Carolina State Hospital and Crafts-Farrow State Hospital, has initiated a Planned Re-entry Program in Aiken County.

One of the major goals of the 3-year program is to discover some effective means of improving the communication and working relationships among local community agencies so that a patient who is returning to the community will be able to readily obtain the assistance of any of these agencies. This joint effort should also prevent many persons from having to leave the community, and thereby will help reduce the admission rates at the two overcrowded central hospitals.

In the beginning only those agencies already existing will be utilized. It is possible that in the future, the development of foster homes or half-way houses will be necessary to help in the readjustment.

suicide prevention program

The staff of the Education Unit also collaborated with the Greenville County Mental Health Center in planning for a crisis intervention program which will be implemented during the fiscal year

1969-1970. This will be the first such program in South Carolina.

etv series

The Education Unit provides specific educational programs to upgrade the skills of various community professional groups outside the field of mental health, per se. This includes such groups as parish ministers and general physicians throughout the state. A wide range of programs for the clergy and church related groups were conducted. A five-part ETV series on "Family Concerns" reached 325 ministers and other community people. A number of conferences were held with community clergy on referral problems and procedures to the various mental health resources available. A graduate course on "Pastoral Care In Crisis" was offered at the Lutheran Theological Southern Seminary in Columbia, co-sponsored by the Education Unit of the Department of Mental Health. Other conferences and group meetings were conducted throughout the year.

film-book library

The Education Unit maintains a film library of 276 films and nearly 1,000 books. During the year there were 10,770 showings of the films with a total audience of 346,011. More than 357 staff members, students, clinic and hospital personnel, pastors and teachers used the books in the library.

inservice and continuing education

The Education Unit is also responsible for numerous inservice training and continuing education programs. Arrangements for the Departmental Annual Meeting are handled through this unit. Quarterly inservice training days were planned around 1) therapy with children, 2) socio-cultural influences among the disadvantaged, and 3) a presentation of an operating comprehensive mental health center by the Columbia Area Mental Health Center staff. A continuing seminar on family therapy was conducted for eight professional

staff members from the clinics. A two-day workshop on operant conditioning was held for clinic staff and the staff of local Department of Public Welfare and Health units. A three-day staff development program for the total staff of the Columbia Area Mental Health Centers was provided. A five-day laboratory on personal effectiveness was held for 15 of the professionals from the clinics. A four-day workshop on issues of boardmanship was held for 28 area mental health board members. Unit staff joined with two staff members from comprehensive centers in participating in a five-week program on administration of a comprehensive community mental health center at the University of North Carolina. Other continuing education functions were carried out with the Friendship Center and with the clinical and pastoral education and chaplaincy services in the state hospitals and the William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute.

In addition, the staff of the Education Unit was involved in a variety of consulting and participating relationships with other state and community agencies.

training unit

For many years manpower needs have been recognized as the most critical dimension in building an adequate community mental health program. The Department of Mental Health's William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute conducts training programs in various medical and paramedical fields to help meet these needs. The University of South Carolina has a well established doctoral program in clinical psychology and anticipates an active school of social work in the next year. In addition to these institutional programs for manpower development, the Division of Community Mental Health Services offers training stipends in a number of fields relevant to its area of operation. The awarding of stipends has been one of our most successful methods for developing manpower in the past; therefore, for fiscal year 1967-1968 the number of stipends was increased to a total of 17. Six stipends were granted to psychology graduate students, eight

were granted to graduate students in social work, one for post-residency training in adolescence psychiatry, one in occupational therapy and one in clinical pastoral service. Each of the stipend recipients is obligated to work in the community mental health program in South Carolina one month for each month's support received.

columbia area mental health center

The Columbia Area Mental Health Center became the first operational comprehensive community mental health center in the Southeast during this year. Most of the essential services are provided within the Center. By agreement, 24-hour emergency services are provided by the Columbia Hospital. Fairfield County became a participating county and its citizens now receive outpatient services and consultation.

greenville area mental health clinic

Ground-breaking ceremonies for the new Community Mental Health Center building were held September 21, 1967. Vice-President of the United States

Hubert H. Humphrey was the speaker and turned the first shovel of dirt. The contract for slightly more than \$1,500,000 was signed November 22, 1967, and Daniel Construction Company began work in early December. Completion is expected in early 1969. Total cost of the building, landscaping, and furnishings and equipment will be approximately two million dollars.

charleston area mental health clinic

Ground-breaking ceremonies for the Community Services Building, which will house the Clinic and four other related agencies, were held July 20, 1967. The staffing Grant Application submitted to the National Institute of Mental Health was approved and will be effective July 1, 1969.

Expansion of services in both number and kind have paved the way toward achieving center status. Recruitment of needed personnel has been successful.

spartanburg area mental health clinic

Additional construction to the existing clinic was begun, which will provide



space for expansion of services and achievement of center status. Completion of the building is expected in fall, 1968. Services are being expanded gradually to allow staff to acquaint themselves with the new situations and to make these services known to the community and other agencies.

pee dee mental health clinic

Even though professional staff at the Pee Dee Center was at a low ebb this year, a total of 306 new cases were opened. There were 40 re-admissions and 327 terminations.

The staff focused on more evaluation and consultation with other community agencies rather than long-term treatment in an effort for more effective use of resources.

Plans are being made for the development of more comprehensive services.

sumter-clarendon- kershaw mental health clinic

With all staff positions filled, except the psychiatrist-director position, the clinic again faces a critical shortage of space. The main office and the mobile office at the rear of the buildings are filled.

Inservice training programs for the staff were increased and enhanced this year.

Application for construction funds for a comprehensive mental health center has been tentatively approved and the beginning of construction awaits the meeting of certain conditions independent of the Center program.

anderson-oconee- pickens mental health clinic

A building to house the comprehensive mental health center is under construction and proceeding on schedule.

Patient interviews increased from 3,040

to 3,141; 133 cases were terminated; and there were 332 new admissions.

The center worked toward better cooperation between agencies with related interests. As a result an Inter-agency Council was formed.

beckman center for mental health services

This clinic, serving seven counties, treated 589 new admissions, 48 re-admissions, with 905 patients carried over from the previous year.

A committee worked towards better acquainting the public with the services offered by the clinic.

york-chester- lancaster mental health clinic

The clinic moved into larger headquarters adjacent to York General Hospital. The location and the increase in space have proven highly satisfactory to the public, referral sources and staff.

The "branch clinic" started at Chester last year was continued and proved workable on a bi-weekly basis. A similar "branch" started in Lancaster had to be discontinued because of loss of staff. This service will be available again when staff replacement is acquired.

aiken county mental health clinic

Services continued to expand with the move of the clinic to a new location. Five new group therapy sessions were added.

Effective liaison between the clinic, S.C. State Hospital and Crafts-Farrow State Hospital produced a research project, "Planned Re-entry Program", which will become effective July 1, 1968. Many patients who might otherwise remain indefinitely in the two central state hospitals for want of a place to return to in the home community are expected to return to the community.

Through a cooperative agreement with the Aiken Regional Campus of the University of South Carolina, two second-year nursing students in the Associate Degrees Program trained at the Aiken Center.

coastal empire mental health clinic

During this second year of operation, 298 new patients were seen in the Beaufort Office, and 126 new patients were seen in the Walterboro Office.

Twenty-four hour emergency service continued to be provided at the emergency room of the Beaufort Memorial Hospital. Plans are being made for the opening of a day-care facility in the Beaufort area.

tri-county mental health clinic

During this fiscal year, there were 1,465 interviews with patients and families. The Center realizes that cooperation with other health care agencies is essential and is working toward this cooperation in its treatment of all facets of the patients' problems.

georgetown-horry mental health clinic

Program formulation and development during this first year of operation has been slow but progressive. Both offices are open full-time, and outpatient and consultative services are being offered on a limited basis.

orangeburg county mental health clinic

The opening of the Orangeburg Clinic this year completed the network of mental health clinics across the state. The clinic opened in temporary quarters July 1, 1968. A committee is actively looking for a more permanent and appropriate facility to house the clinic.

145th Annual Report South Carolina State Hospital

COLUMBIA, S. C.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1968



Established December 21, 1821, by Act of
S. C. Legislature authorizing the
construction of a building for the care
and treatment of the mentally ill.

Cornerstone of original hospital structure
laid July 22, 1822; designer was famous
S. C. architect, Robert Mills.

Mills Building completed and ready
for patients December 18, 1827.

First patient, young Barnwell County
white woman, admitted December 12, 1828.

s. c. state hospital department of professional services

admission-exit service

Admission-Exit Service admits mentally ill persons under 65 years of age for observation and treatment. The average length of stay on this service is one to three months.

The staff of Admission-Exit Service consisted of fourteen staff physicians at the beginning of the fiscal year. During the year Admission-Exit Service admitted 4,100 patients.

remotivation services

Remotivation Service continues to be divided into two sections with Remotivation I consisting of the younger patients and having a more rapid turnover of patients while Remotivation II cares for the more elderly and physically disabled patients.

There are five physicians assigned to Remotivation I and three assigned to Remotivation II, with an average case load between 300 and 400 each.

During the previous fiscal year 648 trial visits and 40 full discharges were granted on Remotivation Service I and 132 trial visits and 35 full discharges on Remotivation Service II.

At the beginning of the fiscal year Remotivation I had a patient census of 1,766, compared with 1,608 at the end of the year. In spite of an extremely heavy work load and continuing staff shortages, the service was able to send home on trial visit 667 patients, some of whom had been hospitalized as long as 20 years.

nursing service

Nursing Service continued to provide adequate nursing care to the hospital patients, train student nurses from schools across the state and provide inservice training, despite shortages in the nursing staff. At the end of the fiscal year, 711 of an authorized 737 positions were filled. The shortage of qualified registered nurses continues to be a pressing problem.

psychology service

Psychology Service was involved in the development and opening of a boys' ward in Cottage A borrowed from the Hall Institute. This brings all the child and adolescent patients into one setting. Previously they have lived on various adult wards.

A comprehensive diagnostic and treatment psychology program is now underway, including inservice training, full diagnostic evaluation, ward government program, maintenance of daily behavioural rating scale, individual and group therapy, recreation, school program and family counseling.

Psychology service maintains a working relationship with the University of South Carolina's Psychology Department.

social work service

Social Service at S. C. State Hospital became affiliated with the University of North Carolina and the Atlanta University Schools of Social Work this year, providing on-the-job experience for students in graduate training in Social Work.

Social Work Service has expanded from a primary emphasis on the newly admitted patient and his family, to include Geriatric Services (before transfer to Crafts-Farrow) and Remotivation Social Work program.

PATIENT MOVEMENT JULY 1, 1967 — JUNE 30, 1968

REMOTIVATION SERVICES	Remotivation I	Remotivation II
Trial visits	667	130
Discharges	52	12
Leave without permission	334	22
Returns from LWP	241	21
Returns from trial visit	188	43
Deaths	4	31
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	1966-67	1967-68
ADMISSION EXIT SERVICES		
Admissions and Returns	3,824	4,100
Trial visits, discharges and LWP's	2,788	2,915
Transfers	4,438	4,072
Deaths	17	13

pharmacy service

The pharmacy filled 106,565 prescriptions for the year 1967-68. Total receipts from the After-Care Clinic and the Mental Health Centers were \$48,724, an increase of over \$8,000 over the previous year.

The pharmacies located in Byrnes and the Administration Building combined in April, 1968, in the new wing of the Byrnes Clinical Center. An automatic pill counter was installed in the new pharmacy for prepackaging. This provides more efficiency in service and allows for an accurate inventory of drugs.

after-care clinic

The After-Care Clinic also moved into new offices in the new wing of Byrnes. The clinic provides post-hospital care to patients who are on trial visit from S. C. State Hospital and Crafts-Farrow State Hospital. Patients treated at the clinic are able to purchase their psychotherapeutic drugs at the hospital pharmacy at substantial savings. Many drug companies provide sample medications to be dispensed to indigent patients at the discretion of the clinic physicians. During the year 653 patients from 45 counties were being treated.

medical-surgical service

Completion of the west wing of the

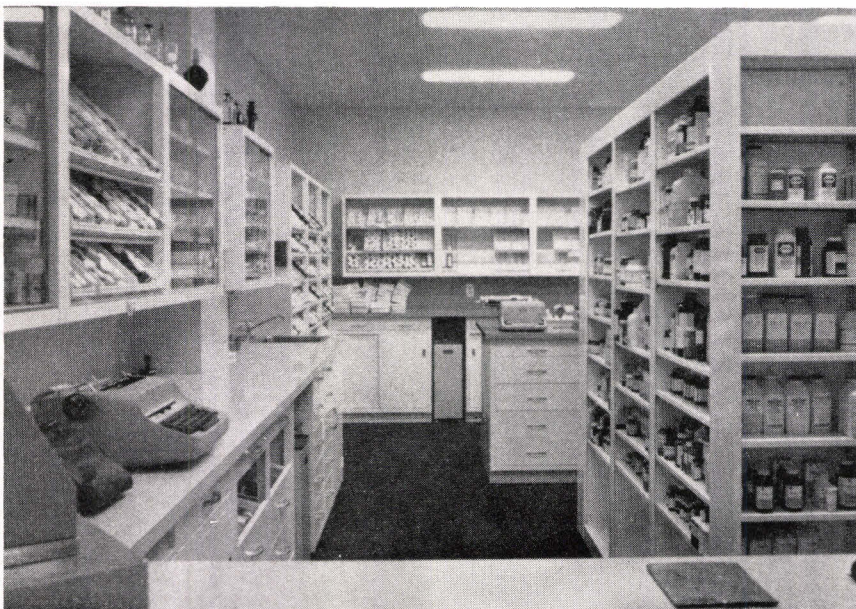
Byrnes Clinical Center provided space for an elaborate five-chair dental clinic; an excellent after-care clinic, which was moved from the Hall Institute; and a consolidated pharmacy. The various clinics in Byrnes have continued to operate. The podiatry clinic was closed for several months due to the loss of the podiatrist. Arrangements have been made with Columbia Hospital for orthopedic consultation. The following chart shows the number of treatments or procedures conducted this year in Medical Surgical Service.

vocational rehabilitation

Vocational Rehabilitation, begun ten years ago as a cooperative venture between the Department of Mental Health and the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation, served a total of 2,988 patients, including 2,191 new referrals this year.

special education

This program had a total enrollment of 84 patients this year. More than one-third left the hospital with plans for returning to public school. Whenever possible students are treated as homebound students and the program is coordinated with the individual schools. Each student has the same textbook he was using or would be using in the local public school so that on his re-



turn to that school he has not lost pace with the other students.

volunteer services

Volunteer Services at S. C. State Hospital continued to provide a vital link between patients and the community. The Coordinator of Volunteer Services worked closely with Mental Health Association chapters, groups and individuals who donated gifts, time and talent. The Operation Santa Claus program again was highly successful. Thousands of gifts were donated providing at least one Christmas gift for each patient. Numerous Christmas ward parties were sponsored.

library therapy service

This year 4,243 patients were given direct service in the library. Patient visits total 20,404. Over 300 new books were catalogued and added to the general collection and another 187 donated books were added.

Horger Library qualified for federal funds under the Title IV-A of the Library Services and a Construction Act. Under this program the library received a grant of \$5,000 to purchase books. The library became the first in the state and one of the first in the nation to have a summer intern under the Institution Library Program.

music therapy service

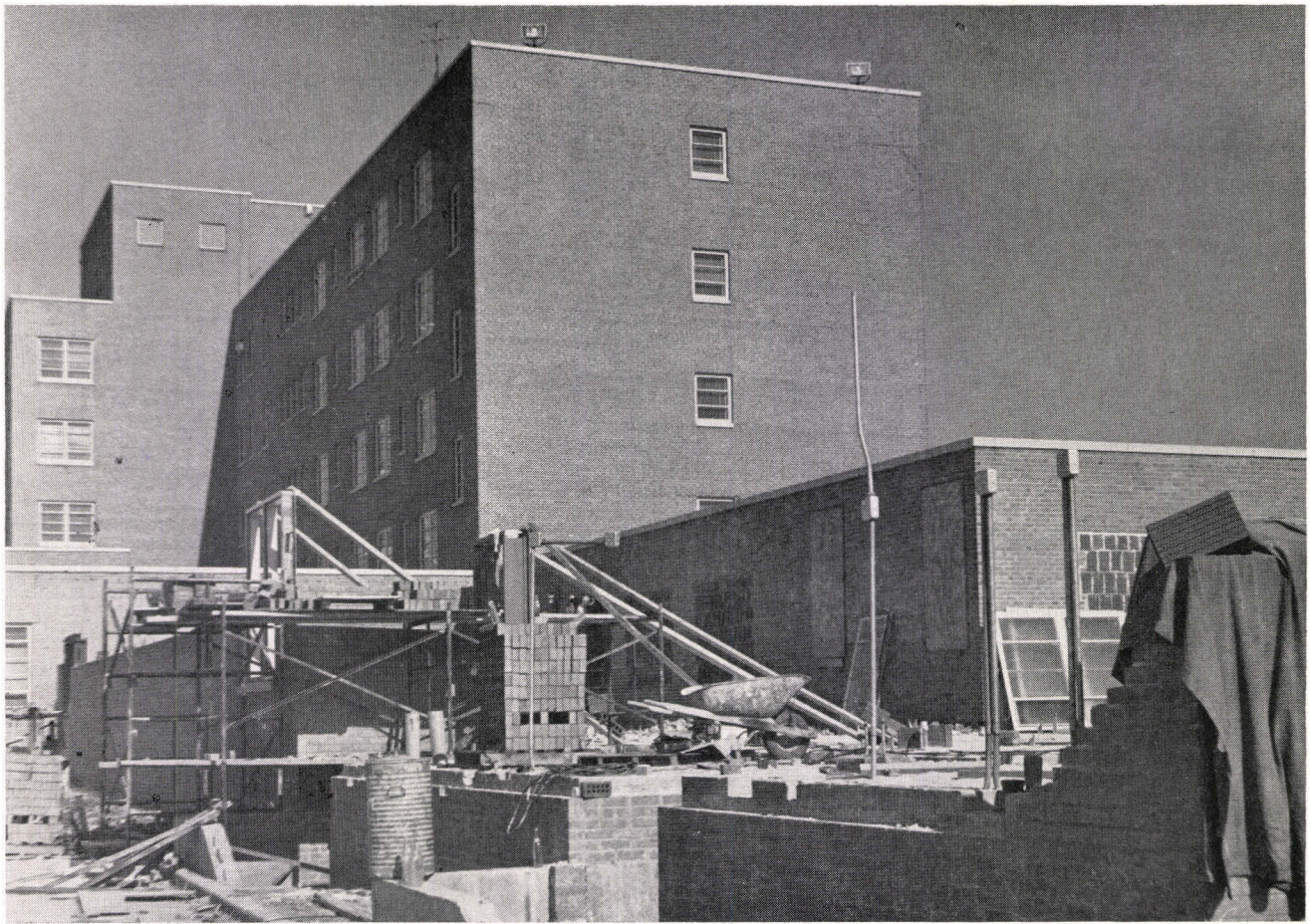
Music Therapy served patients at S. C. State Hospital in group and individual activities in a total of 39,963 contacts. In addition to therapeutic music activities, music was provided for all religious and special feature activities.

recreation

A total of 64,215 patients participated in recreational activities during the year. The therapeutic aim of the program was to socialize, reorganize and improve the life adjustment process of those in the program. In addition to regular activities such as bingo, movies, dances, and athletic events, numerous special occasions were planned, including dances with bands for holiday seasons. Numerous programs were presented by volunteer groups from organizations and clubs throughout the state. Several band concerts were presented.

occupational therapy

Physicians referred 1,806 patients to the Occupational Therapy Section this year, including patients from Admission-Exit Service, Remotivation and the William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute. While active in the program 838 patients were either allowed to go on trial visit or were discharged from the hospital.



s. c. state hospital administrative services

S. C. State Hospital was surveyed for renewal of its accreditation by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals and notification was received that a three-year renewal had been granted. S. C. State Hospital was the first state mental hospital in the southeast to be accredited by the national organization when it was first surveyed in 1964.

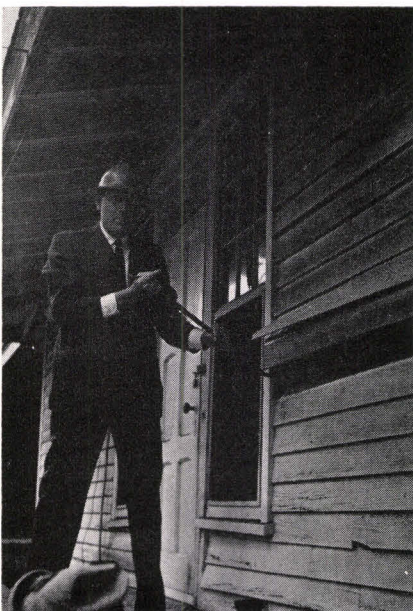
One of the recommendations of the accreditation committee was that building 16-A, the last wooden frame building at S. C. State Hospital used for patient care, be destroyed. Even though overcrowding exists throughout the hospital, the patients housed in this building were moved onto other wards and in November, 1967, Dr. William S. Hall removed the first board of this old building.

Other permanent improvements include the addition of a wing to the James F.

Byrnes Clinical Center. The additional space is being used to house a five-chair dental clinic, a combined hospital-wide pharmacy, and an after-care clinic.

For years the problem of housing children has existed. Even though it was generally accepted that the children should not be housed on the same wards with adult patients, the lack of facilities and trained staff prohibited any other arrangement. In 1967 the children were moved into a remodeled ward in one of the maximum security buildings. Plans were developed for renovating and remodeling one of the hospital's older buildings, the Trezevant Building, to house all children and adolescent patients.

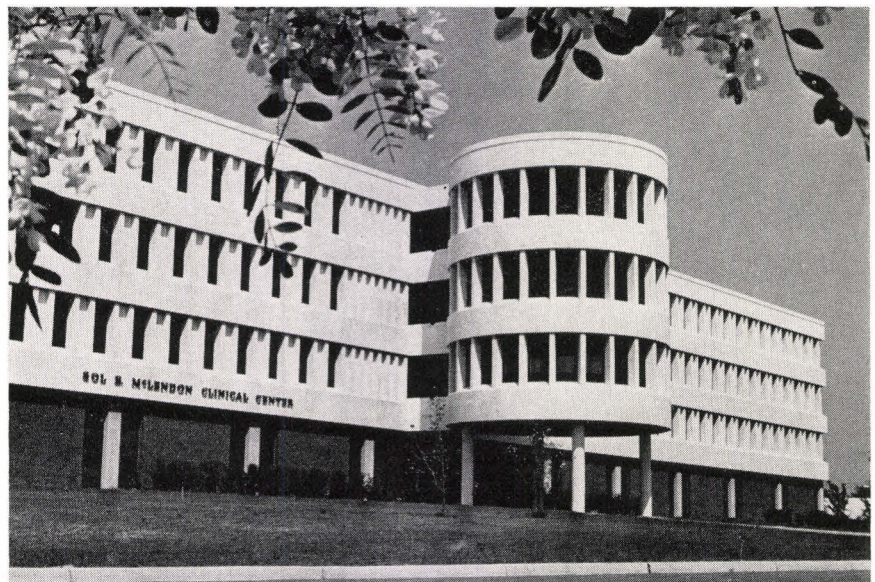
However, after an intensive study of the building, it was decided that it could not be made suitable for housing these patients at a reasonable cost. The Mental Health Commission then authorized the loan of one of the cottages of the William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute to be used for the children until a permanent building could be authorized and constructed.



5th Annual Report Crafts-Farrow State Hospital

COLUMBIA, S. C.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1968



Land purchased at State Park in 1910 for
hospital expansion or relocation.

First permanent building completed
at State Park in 1913.

State Park Unit of S. C. State Hospital
becomes Palmetto State Hospital,
effective July 29, 1963.

Palmetto State Hospital renamed
Crafts-Farrow State Hospital,
August 16, 1966

professional services crafts-farrow state hospital

medical-surgical service

During the fiscal year 1967-1968, 895 patients were admitted to the McLendon Clinical Center, the medical-surgical facility of Crafts-Farrow State Hospital. After undergoing treatment, four hundred and twenty patients were returned to their ward, eight were discharged and sixty three were transferred to Byrnes Clinical Center at S. C. State Hospital for further treatment. There was a critical shortage of male aides, which overburdened the few males aides available. Nurses were in short supply, particularly during the night shifts. To relieve Nursing Service of some of the clerical work, a ward clerk was assigned to each ward.

nursing service

In July, 1967, Nursing Service was reorganized into three nursing sections: Geriatrics, Medical-Surgical and Remotivation. This organizational structure places greater responsibility in each nursing section for supervision and guidance of those giving direct patient care.

Nursing Service was deeply involved in the relocation of patients during the year during the renovation of buildings. This brought about overcrowded conditions in certain patient areas and increased problems of nursing care.

The hospital was reviewed for approval of Medicare funds. Nursing Service areas were visited by a team from the

State Board of Health and were approved in both psychiatric and medical areas.

psychology service

In an effort to arrest social regression and isolation among patients, Psychology Service continued its efforts to sponsor and extend the kind of environmental stimulation which tends to foster development of interpersonal skills, confidence and self esteem.

Because of staff shortages Neighborhood Youth Corps workers provided assistance in conducting a variety of ward activities.

Group and individual psychotherapy and counseling sessions were conducted. Appraisals of patient strengths and weaknesses were done through individual testing and evaluation sessions. Especially for the benefit of psychological aides, and other staff, weekly seminars and other inservice training sessions were conducted, with focus on clinical procedures, gerontology, psychotherapy and counseling, social psychology and psychopathology. Since Crafts-Farrow has been designated as the geriatrics and chronic patients division of the Department of Mental Health, attention was given the process of aging and the treatment of the geriatric psychiatric patient.

Psychology Service sponsored a Clinic Day at Crafts-Farrow for the first time. This was held in cooperation with Psychology Service at S. C. State Hospital. Programs of this type do much to promote better mental health education throughout the state and are good media for attracting people into the mental health career field.

social service

Social Service staff members were active as liaison persons with each of the community mental health clinics and centers and with other community agencies, enabling many patients and families to receive new and/or extended services through their community resources.

Staff increases have permitted the placement of a trained social worker on each of the service areas at Crafts-Farrow. To some degree each is assisting in the supervision of a caseworker. More than 7,100 contacts were made with patients by Social Service staff and over 4,300 contacts were made with their families.

vocational rehabilitation

Vocational Rehabilitation placed major emphasis on finding employment in the local community for patients who needed to "work-out and live-in" the hospital. Thirty-six patients participated in this program.

An Adult Education Class in cooperation with the City Schools and the State Board of Education continued this year. The class served 16 students, who showed improvement both academically and in personal adjustment. A speech class for patients with speech and/or hearing difficulties was held twice a week.

Vocational Rehabilitation provided a continuity of services through a wide range of experiences in the hospital and on into the community until eventual successful rehabilitation was achieved.

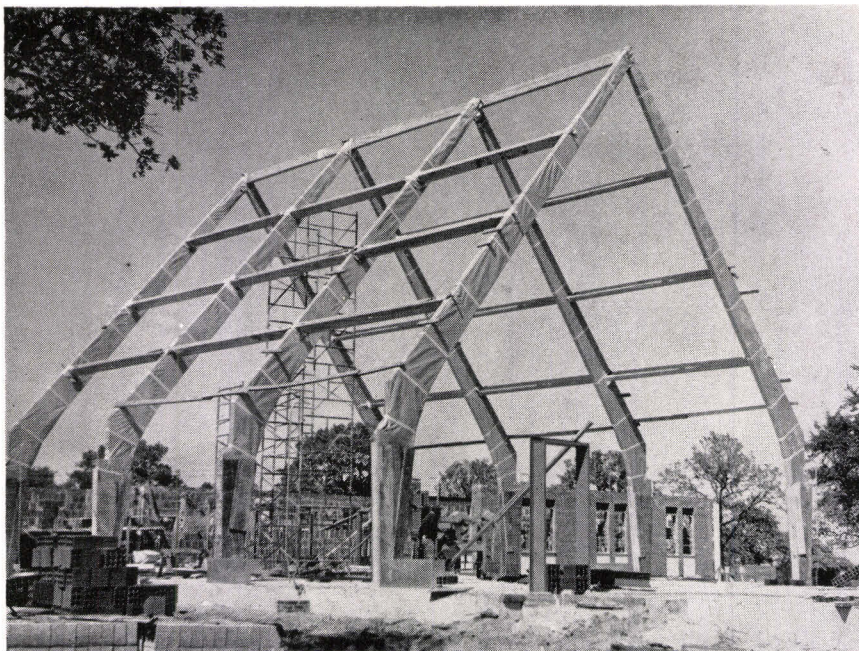
hospital improvement project

The treatment team is the core of activity coordination and treatment direction in the Hospital Improvement Project, which is completing its fourth year's operation. The program has 150 long-term care patients, 75 male and 75 female, participating.

During the year 21 patients from HIP returned to their home communities; one of these had been in the hospital continuously for 25 years.

music therapy service

Music Therapy Section continued to provide music for devotional services on the wards in addition to the regular



Sunday services. A music club, glee club and choir were organized to encourage and support the musically talented patients. A program of individual therapy consisting principally of piano and voice instruction was provided.

All the programs in the Music Therapy Section were designed to relieve tensions and hostilities of patients, to enhance their musical talents and to encourage self-expression.

chaplaincy

The special Pastoral Care Program in Geriatric Service initiated at S. C. State Hospital in 1964 was transferred to Crafts-Farrow and two retired clergymen served as visiting ministers in the program.

Over 18,000 visits were made by the staff chaplains with patients during the year.

The long-awaited chapel at Crafts-Farrow was begun late in 1967. The chapel has been named "Faith Chapel" by the patients and staff and should be completed in late fall of 1968.

volunteer services

For geriatric and long-term care patients the active participation of volunteers in the hospital program means that people in the community have not forgotten them.

All the programs of regular visitation, ward parties, seasonal parties and Christmas presents and projects were increased.

The Senior Citizen Project, sponsored by the Mid-Carolina Mental Health Association, began in May. Twice weekly members and volunteers bring visitors to the hospital and take geriatric patients on sight-seeing bus rides around the Columbia area.

Plans for an "Adopt-A-Patient" program were discussed at the S. C. Mental Health Association's Volunteer Services Committee meeting at Crafts-Farrow and the local chapters across the state adopted the program. The program was just getting underway at the close of the fiscal year.

recreational therapy service

Activities, including weekly movies, dances, ball games, bingo parties, etc., were conducted during the year by Recreational Therapy Service. The highlight of the year was the appearance of the Hoxie Brothers' Three Ring Circus at Crafts-Farrow for two performances.

pharmacy service

A total of 52,922 prescriptions were filled at Crafts-Farrow during the 1967-68 fiscal year. This was an overall increase of 13,437 prescriptions, or 34

percent increase, over the previous year.

crafts-farrow administrative services

Since 1966 when Crafts-Farrow State Hospital assumed the role of the geriatric facility for the Department of Mental Health, continuous efforts have been made toward converting and upgrading the physical plant to meet these needs. The initial \$1,000,000 Rehabilitation Project, aimed at renovating and rehabilitating many existing buildings and providing quality patient care, got underway. This is another step toward accreditation by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals. Renovation work is being done primarily by hospital engineering personnel with some work, such as heating, air conditioning, and floor coverings being handled by local contractors.

The Department of Mental Health was awarded funds for additional construction at Crafts-Farrow such as the Food Service addition to the McLendon Clinical Center, Chapel and Engineering Services Center.

On November 1, 1967, construction began on the Food Service addition to the McLendon Clinical Center. This new dining room will serve both patients and employees.

Construction began November 13, 1967, on the hospital's all-faiths chapel. The structure is designed to meet the special needs of a geriatric facility and will seat approximately 400 patients. Completion is expected by late fall of 1968.

Construction began December 12, 1967 on the Engineering Services Center. Upon completion, this building will provide adequate shops for various trades, carport storage for vehicles, central storage for lumber and engineering supplies, and needed office space.

Federal Hill-Burton funds amounting to \$376,872 were received in March, 1968, for the modernization of Crafts-Farrow's Building Number 1, the first building constructed at Crafts-Farrow. These federal funds will be matched by \$753,128 in state funds. A contract was

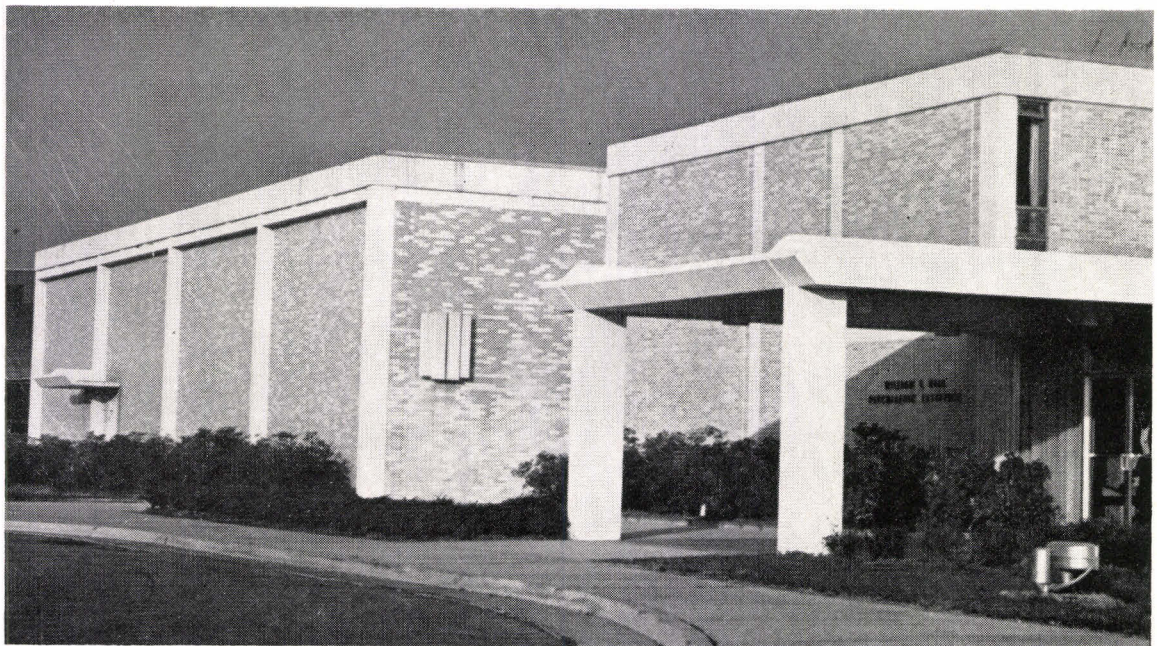
let on May 28, 1968, to completely modernize and enlarge the existing structure.

In the 1967 Supplemental Appropriation Bill, the South Carolina Legislature appropriated \$100,000 to be used for improvement of facilities at Crafts-Farrow. The Mental Health Commission felt these funds could best be used in upgrading and improving the campus of the hospital. Sidewalks, curbs, sprinkler systems, and other miscellaneous improvements, including the purchase of shrubbery for many areas of the campus, are included in the project. The majority of the curbs and sidewalks have been laid and it is anticipated that the streets will be paved by the South Carolina Highway Department during the summer.

3rd Annual Report William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute

COLUMBIA, S. C.

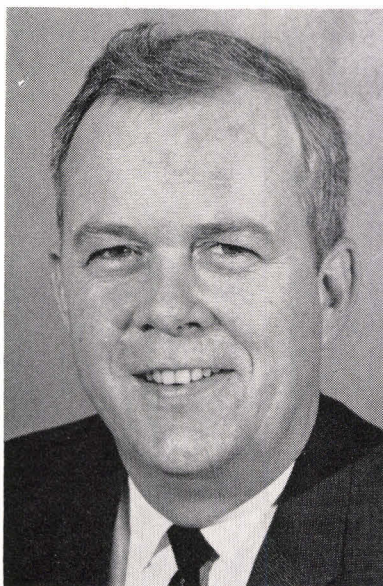
FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1968



An educational and research institute
established in conformity with the
provisions of Act 342, S. C. General
Assembly, 1965

First patient, middle-aged white woman
from Greenville County, admitted September 26, 1966.





ALEXANDER G. DONALD, M.D.
Deputy Commissioner,
Education and Research

director's report

The William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute was surveyed by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals in April, 1968. Notification was received in June, 1968, that the Institute had been fully accredited for a period of three years. Recognition by this national accreditation body established the Institute as a hospital which meets required standards of patient care. Accreditation as a hospital is essential to the establishment of many of the training programs that are anticipated at the Institute. Having accomplished such a major step in development in less than two years after the admission of the first patient is noteworthy.

The Institute was surveyed also by the Association for Clinical Pastoral Training. These ordained clergymen began their year of training in September, 1967, and four seminary students began a three month training period in June, 1968.

During the year, an internship program in clinical psychology was initiated in the Institute. The first intern was enrolled in January, 1968. This is the first and only internship program in clinical psychology in South Carolina. This program is one of the requirements for a doctorate in clinical psychology, and it is anticipated that it will materially assist in alleviating the severe shortage of clinical psychologists in the state. A neurology inpatient service was opened in January, 1968. Experience with neurological (physical) disorders of the nervous system is essential to training programs for the mental health professions as they must learn to distinguish these from psychiatric disorders.

A Medical Illustration Section was developed to complement training and research programs.

The two patient-care floors of the William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute were named Dix Pavilion and Taylor Pavilion, the first in memory of Dorothea Lynde Dix who persuaded many states to provide more humane care in mental hospitals. She visited South Carolina several times, addressed the Legislature and raised money which paid for additional land for the hospital. The second was named in memory of Major Thomas Taylor, Jr., who was a member of the original commission appointed in 1821 to construct an "asylum" for the mentally ill.

Application for a Medical Library Resource Grant was made and approved by the U. S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare. This will enable the Institute to more rapidly improve the Professional Library, which is so essential to all the research and training programs.

An externship for senior medical students was developed and approved by the Medical College of South Carolina as a suitable educational experience for their students.

general psychiatry service

Inpatient Service operated two 25-bed psychiatric wards with a teaching psychiatrist and two first year residents assigned to each. Supportive services were provided by Nursing, Social Work, Psychology, Occupational Therapy, Recreational Therapy, and Vocational Rehabilitation Services. The primary function of these wards was to provide the setting for the training of first year residents. They were organized to provide comprehensive treatment utilizing all currently accepted modalities, with the basic orientation being that of milieu therapy. Patient referrals came from family physicians, private practitioners of psychiatry, mental health centers, South Carolina State Hospital, and other Department of Mental Health facilities. In addition, some were self-referrals through the Institute Outpatient Service.

Outpatient Service provided the setting for the training of the second and third year residents and its functions were regulated to conform to the number of psychiatric residents assigned to the service. The ratio of diagnostic evaluations were about seventy-five patients per resident during the year. This group of patients was representative of the total spectrum of psychiatric disorders. Training activities included diagnostic conferences, a continuous case conference, and individual supervision of residents. Group therapy with former Institute inpatients was started; this was supervised by a member of the faculty of the University of South Carolina Psychology Department. The diagnostic process was comple-

mented by the full-time services of a psychiatric social worker and a doctorate clinical psychologist. These disciplines further enlarged the therapeutic services offered by the clinic. Chaplain residents and seminarians were active in outpatient operations.

child psychiatry service

In December, 1967, Dr. Robert E. Bell, Jr., Chief of Child Psychiatry, was certified by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology in general psychiatry and in June, 1968, obtained eligibility for board certification in child psychiatry. Two child psychiatrists were added to the faculty during the year on a part-time basis.

Referral policies have been changed so that children can be accepted for evaluation and treatment by medical referral only, either from physicians throughout the state or from mental health centers or clinics. The age criteria previously developed for the Child Psychiatry Services, as well as the requirement that parents must participate in the diagnostic evaluation and plan for treatment of a child, were both more consistently adhered to throughout the year. The overall rate of patients who failed to keep their appointments improved considerably and is presently just under 14 percent, an acceptable rate for child psychiatry clinics.

Child Psychiatry Service has become established on a solid medical base, providing the training needed by residents in general psychiatry for their clinical experience in child psychiatry, and able to progress and develop depending upon the ability to procure qualified staff personnel. Plans are

being made for the future development and implementation of a fellowship training program in child psychiatry.

neurology service

The most significant achievement for Neurology Service was the opening of the neurology inpatient service. The first neurology inpatient was admitted on January 12, 1968.

This has made available to the resident psychiatrist opportunities to develop diagnostic and therapeutic skills including management of acute, subacute, and chronic neurological disorders of both focal and diffuse types. This added the possibility of admission to the Inpatient Service for more intensive study and treatment. The neurology outpatient clinic continued to provide extensive experience with the neurological disorders of childhood.

Though hopes for an early breakthrough in the Huntington's Chorea study were not realized, several resulting developments are under current study. In cooperation with the State Board of Health, planning for the development of a cytogenetics laboratory was undertaken. The first benefit of this cooperative venture was realized in the presentation of a case from Pineland at the Cytotechnology Seminar at the Medical College of South Carolina in November, 1967. Support for the local development of a wide variety of laboratory services, including biochemical, cytological, immunological and radioisotopic tracer determinations are urgently needed. Further expansion of existing radiological services is also critical to continued growth and development.

social work service

During the year, Social Work Service continued to expand and was able to offer a more extensive range of services to patients and their families. Services continued to be offered primarily through the case work method; however, there was some utilization of group techniques. The members of the

service continued to provide instruction in social work orientation and techniques, as well as background in the social sciences, to other disciplines. The division of work was primarily by services of the Institute with one social worker assigned to the Inpatient Service, one to the Outpatient Service, and one to the Child Psychiatry Service. In February, Mr. Orvin Nesje, ACSW, assumed duties of Chief, Social Work Service, coming from the Aiken County Mental Health Center. Increased efforts were made in staff recruitment and establishing closer liaison with schools of social work in the southeastern region. Further efforts involved planning the social work program for the continued expansion of clinical services.

nursing service

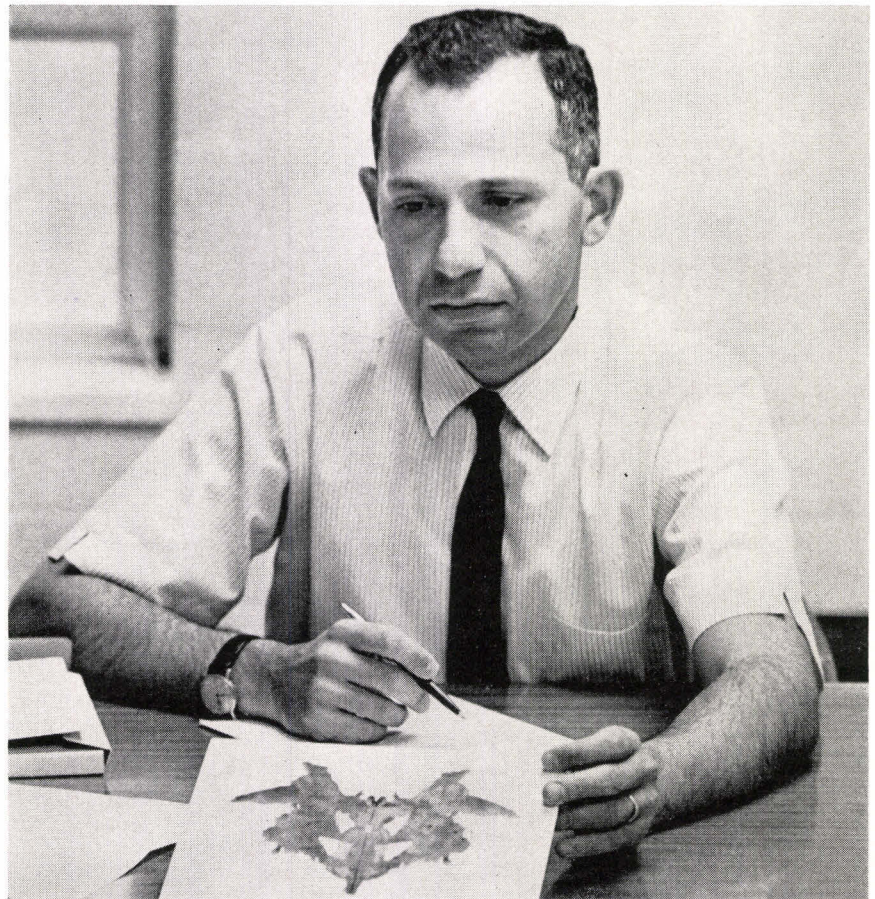
In order to support the teaching and research programs to be conducted on the neurology ward it was necessary to purchase specialized equipment and train personnel in its use. Opening of this ward required expansion of the nursing

staff, and positions were filled promptly. There was little turnover in the nursing staff during the year and it was possible to attract a number of college students for employment as nursing assistants.

Inservice education was focused on the rejected nurses. A ten-hour basic course on behavior was offered in the fall. In January, case presentations were started on a weekly basis. A six-hour course on psychotherapeutic interviewing was offered in March, and nurses began participating as co-therapists in group and individual therapies. A ten-hour course of instruction for nursing assistants and orderlies was initiated in June.

psychology service

Psychologists participated actively in the clinical, consultative, supervisory and teaching activities of the Institute. These included interactions with all the various services of the Institute in team and ward meetings, staff meetings, group therapy, and informal gatherings. Psychological evaluation and psychotherapy have been and doubtless will



continue to be major clinical activities. During the year, clinical psychology practicum students from the University of South Carolina were supervised by Institute psychologists. It is anticipated that this program will be resumed in the 1968 term at the University.

Psychology's research activities have mostly involved data collection of psychological tests. It is anticipated that some of the material will be in publishable form soon. Further research is being planned and augmented at this time.

The Psychology Service began a clinical psychology internship program during the year. The first intern entered the program in January, 1968. This is the first program of this type in South Carolina, and it is expected that this program will assist in meeting the need for psychologists in the state.

adjunctive therapy service

Occupational therapy services were provided the Institute by special arrangement with the Occupation Therapy Service, South Carolina State Hospital. Active recruitment of qualified personnel continued during the year and resulted in the appointment of a chief occupational therapist to be effective in July, 1968. Activation of the Institute's own department will take place early in the next fiscal year.

In both music and recreational therapy, the lack of trained personnel has hampered these programs. Due to the transfer of the music therapist in May, 1966, this service had to be cancelled until a qualified replacement could be secured. A recreational program was provided during the entire year by an interested member of the Nursing Service Staff.

pastoral education service

The Institute was surveyed and approved for accreditation on August 25, 1967, by a reviewing committee, representing the Association for Clinical Pastoral Education, Inc. Three ordained

clergymen began their year of clinical pastoral residency training as chaplain residents in September, 1967. Three months of basic clinical pastoral education were offered beginning in June, 1968, to four seminary students as chaplain trainees. Several short-term clinical pastoral orientation programs were provided for clergy throughout the state and also for seminarians from Lutheran Theological Southern Seminary in Columbia.

In addition to the implementation of the clinical pastoral education program, another feature was the extensive broadening of pastoral care services offered to patients as provided by the permanent chaplaincy and the clinical pastoral students. The areas of pastoral functioning included interviews with inpatients, counseling sessions with outpatients, religious discussion group-meetings with patients, weekly Sunday worship services, mid-week Vesper services, religious services on special occasions, and formal and informal consultations and conferences with the interdisciplinary staff. Talks, sermons, and presentations were made to community groups, such as church congregations and civic organizations.

The procedure of providing consultation for clergy in the state was continued. This consultation was offered, with the patient's permission, to each inpatient's community clergyman. Fifty-four percent of all the contacted ministers participated in this program.

The Institute's Pastoral Service was represented at several national conferences in the field of clinical pastoral education and pastoral care, such as the Association for Clinical Pastoral Education, the American Association of Pastoral Counselors, and the Association of Mental Health Chaplains.

vocational rehabilitation service

The Vocational Rehabilitation Service is a cooperative effort between the Institute and the State Agency of Vocational Rehabilitation. Mr. John R. Wieder was assigned to the Institute staff as a rehabilitation counselor and

initiated this service in October, 1967. Service provided to the Institute patients consisted of personal adjustment training, therapeutic work assignments within the hospital setting, placement in training facilities outside the Department of Mental Health, placement in remunerative employment and transfer to appropriate field counselors throughout the state.

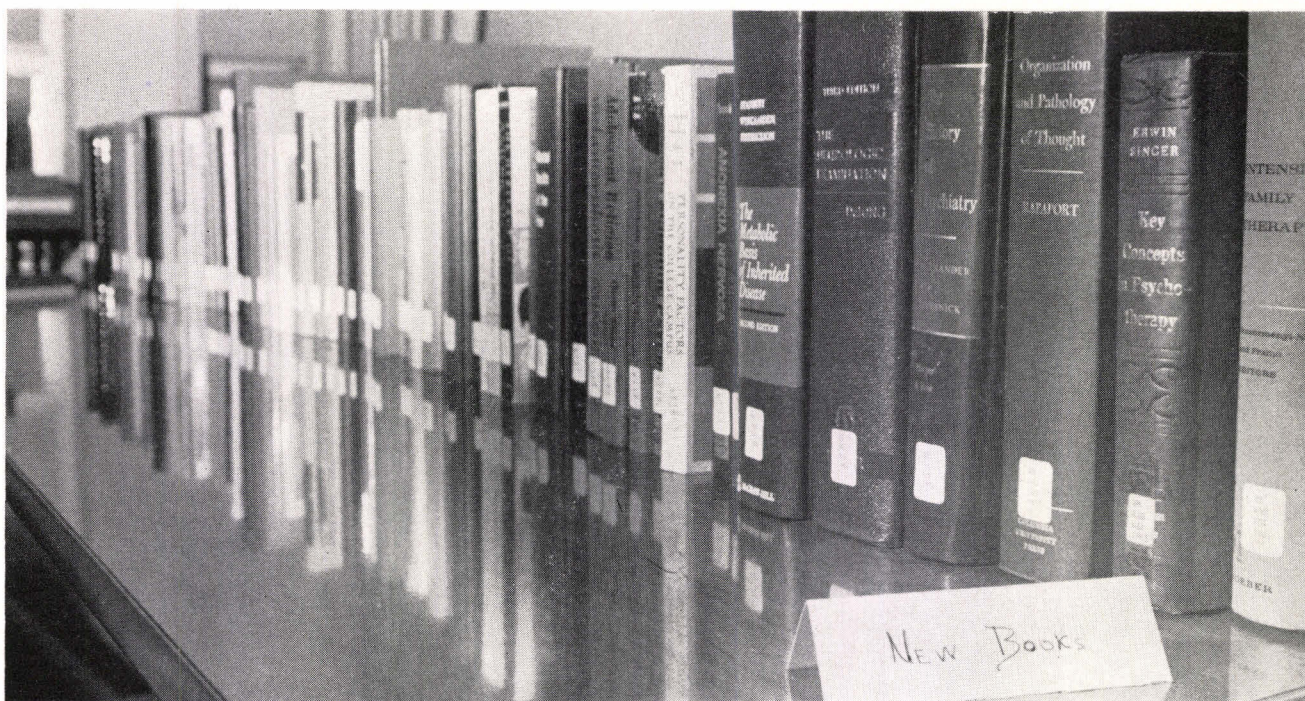
professional library

The Professional Library functions as the reference and resource center for the professional staffs of all the facilities of the South Carolina Department of Mental Health. The reading room and reference facilities are open to the public. Reference service was provided to the constituents of the South Carolina Department of Mental Health, to University of South Carolina nursing students in training at the Institute and to high school, college and graduate students from nearby schools engaged in research in the health science fields. During the past year officials of the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals reviewed the facilities of the South Carolina State Hospital and the William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute and endorsed and accredited the library on both occasions.

A renovation project of the physical facilities has been completed, adding 1,446 square feet to the library proper. The decor is attractive and conducive to study.

Application for a Medical Library Resource Grant was made and approved by the U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. An initial allotment of \$5,253 was granted. The first year's funds will be utilized to acquire essential reference and bibliographic tools, abstracting indices, and back issues of neurological and psychiatric journals.

The library was the recipient of two cash donations during the year. One donation was for the purchase of an appropriate oil painting for the new reading room. The second donation provided for the purchase of books on jurisprudence. A total of 343 books were cataloged and added to the libra-



ry's holdings. These acquisitions included a large number of new editions of standard general medicine texts as well as classics and current literature in the fields of neurology and psychiatry. There has been a continuing effort to build and improve the bound journal collection which presently totals 1,522 volumes. The Columbia Veterans Administration Library made a generous donation of surplus journals.

psychiatric residency training program

The Psychiatric Residency Training Program continued to be officially a part of South Carolina State Hospital. Since the establishment of the Institute, a Residency Training Committee composed of representatives from South Carolina State Hospital and the William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute has coordinated the transfer of progressively increasing teaching responsibility from the staff of the State Hospital to the faculty of the Institute. During the year, the Institute faculty assumed the entire teaching and clinical responsibility for the residency program. An active affiliation was maintained with the South Carolina and Crafts-Farrow State Hospital providing experience with geriatrics patients, the chronically ill, and

forensic psychiatry. Affiliation with the Columbia Area Mental Health Center provided experience in community psychiatry. Affiliation with the Medical College of South Carolina and the University of South Carolina provided instruction in basic medical sciences, sociology, psychology, anthropology, and law. An affiliation was initiated in October, 1967, with the Veterans Administration Hospital for consultation with medical and surgical patients by the third-year residents one-half day per week. This affiliation, along with the continued consultations in the local general hospitals, strengthened this aspect of the training programs. The program is indebted to the private psychiatrists in Columbia, South Carolina, for their active participation in the training programs during the year. Following accreditation of the Institute in June, 1968, transfer of the Psychiatric Residency Training Program from the South Carolina State Hospital to the William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute was formally requested.

The growth of the Institute during the year enhanced the training programs. The neurology ward provides a three-month block of time for a full-time assignment for each resident during his second year of training. Two child psychiatrists were added to the faculty on a part-time basis resulting in increased activity in this area.

department of administrative services

The Department of Administrative Services strengthened its organizational structure, staff training and administrative operating procedures.

The Department was formally organized in March, 1968, with the following divisions: Registrar, Supply and Service, Maintenance, Food Service, and Medical Illustration. At the end of the year, all divisions were organized and functioning with the exception of Food Service.

All divisions were able to cope with the increased work load resulting from increased numbers of patients, new teaching and research programs and the general expansion of the Institute, without a significant increase in the administrative staff. Additional staff will be necessary in the Registrar Division early in the next fiscal year.

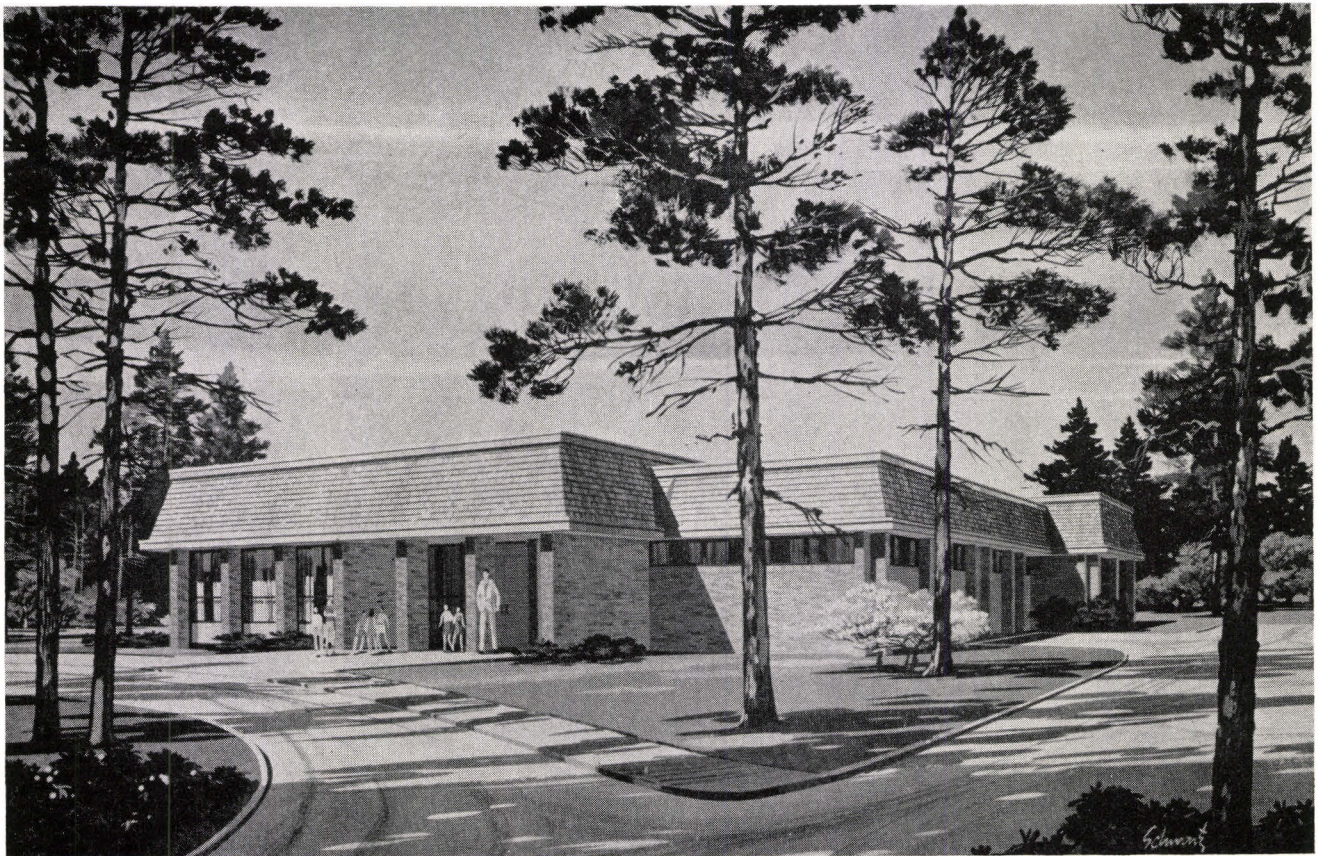
The Medical Illustration Division was activated in November, 1967, by Mr. William M. Roberts, Photographer/Illustrator. Mr. Roberts came to the Institute from the "The State" newspaper. Plans have been made to activate the Food Service Division of the Institute on July 1, 1968. Personnel for this division will come primarily by transfer from the Food Service Division, South Carolina State Hospital.

14th Annual Report Pineland,

A STATE TRAINING SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL

COLUMBIA, S. C.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1968



Established in conformity with the provisions of
Act 836, S. C. General Assembly, in 1952.

Activated July 16, 1953, at S. C. State Hospital's State
Park Unit (now Palmetto State Hospital), with
transfer of 75 mentally retarded patients to one
building. First admission on prescribed forms, a young
girl from Dillon County, November 11, 1953.

Permanent buildings occupied February 11, 1956.

pineland a state training school and hospital

Effective July 1, 1968, Pineland, A State Training School and Hospital for the mentally retarded, will become a part of the newly organized Department of Mental Retardation, along with Whitten Village in Clinton and the S. C. Habilitation Center in Ladson. This will be Pineland's final report in the Department of Mental Health's Annual Report.

LONG WAITING LISTS

Pineland had an average waiting list of some 300 persons during the fiscal year. Many of the trainees at Pineland have capabilities and potentials of being returned to the community, if resources such as foster homes, more classes for mentally retarded trainables, and sheltered workshops were available. There is a definite need for the development of adequate interagency community resources for the retarded.

A program of training and rehabilitation is underway at Pineland to help relieve the problem of overcrowding and to make beds available for those on waiting lists.

TRAINING PROGRAMS INITIATED

Day Care Services are offered by Pineland's Vocational Rehabilitation Section to 54 persons. Some children on waiting lists were allowed to come to Pineland as "summer months admissions" occupying beds that were vacated by trainees who were spending the summer months with their families. This program helped relieve parents of the 24-hour daily care of their severely retarded and handicapped children for the months of June to September.

Nursing Service took the supervision of a new program designed to help train

and habilitate trainees using the idea of family or home-life treatment. There were 245 residents engaged in this Cottage Life Program under the care of 47 Cottage Parents, who transferred from Nursing Service, two Cottage Life Assistants and one Cottage Life Director. The children in this program live in an environment very much like a home-life setting. Formerly, most of these were receiving only institutional custodial care.

OEO SPONSORS FOSTER GRANDPARENT PROGRAM

The Foster Grandparent Program continues to provide a grandparent substitute to many of the trainees and at the same time supplement the income of the indigent elderly in Richland and Lexington counties.

A constant problem at Pineland is the trainee over 17 years of age. There is no adequate dormitory space to house and train these patients and they are living in dormitories with younger trainees. Vocational Rehabilitation initiated a program to train this age patient, but only a limited number can be admitted to the program. During the year 11 trainees were admitted and eight were successful on trial employment leaves and two entered military service. Those trainees who are not in this program and are living with the younger trainees are attending the Day Care Program until they can be admitted to the Vocational Rehabilitation Program.

HIP

Community aid and guidance was continued by the Pineland Hospital Improvement Project. During the year the project staff examined and evaluated 102 children on the waiting list and in the communities, advising parents on how to obtain services. The staff also helped increase the rate of discharge of trainees by helping them become socially, emotionally and vocationally prepared for returning to the community.

The educational and training programs for trainees were enhanced, primarily due to the employment of additional certified special education teachers and teacher aides. "Home bound" classrooms were increased in number on the

wards for children unable to attend trainable or academic classes. An educational grant of \$43,805 was obtained, enabling Pineland to purchase three portable classrooms. One is being used for the blind trainees, one for the deaf and one for the emotionally disturbed.

PINELAND MOVES TOWARD SELF-SUFFICIENCY

Steps were taken during the year to make Pineland a self-sufficient organization, preparing for its separation from the Department of Mental Health. Under the guidance of the Director of Professional Service, Dr. Thomas D. Dotterer, a number of consultants in the fields of surgery, orthopedics, dermatology, and neurology arranged clinics at Pineland. Previously patients needing these services visited the clinical centers at S.C. State Hospital or Crafts—Farrow State Hospital. Several administrative branches were approved and are expected to be in full operation at the beginning of the next fiscal year: Personnel, Finance and Purchasing. Many new programs were implemented and additional staff and personnel were

acquired, including a full-time Speech and Hearing Therapist and a full-time Chaplain.

A program of Preventive Dentistry was initiated at Pineland under the direction of Dr. Raymond S. Swanson, D.D.S. Oral hygiene students and dental assistant students from Richland Technical Education Center worked at Pineland during the summer months.

INFIRMARY

Construction began during the year for a 32-bed infirmary, diagnostic and evaluation building, which should be completed in January, 1969. Funds were made available for the 12,000 square foot construction from state appropriations for permanent improvements.

MORE PROGRAMS, STAFF NEEDED

According to the American Association on Mental Deficiency standards at Pineland, both operational and permanent improvements, need upgrading. Patient—personnel ratios remain below average. Funds for additional special educational teachers are direly needed. Among the permanent improvements

needed are an administration building, which would release many rooms for educational purposes; a gymnasium for recreational and social activities; and a sewer line. A central supply building is also badly needed.

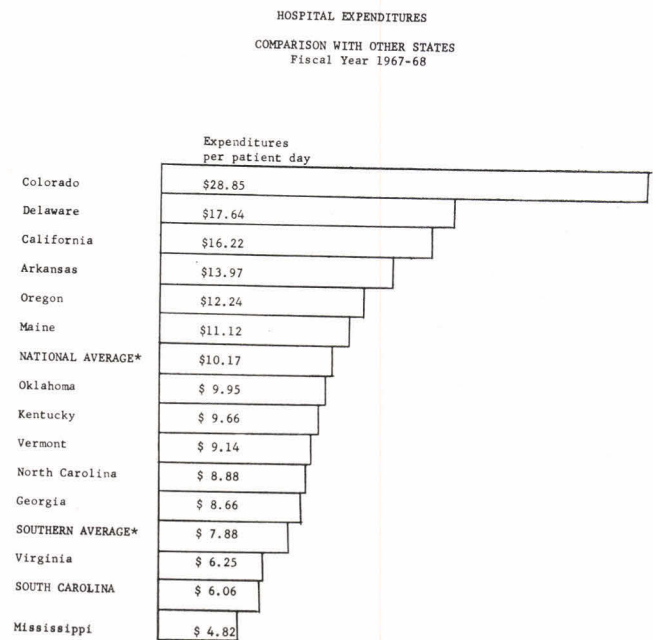
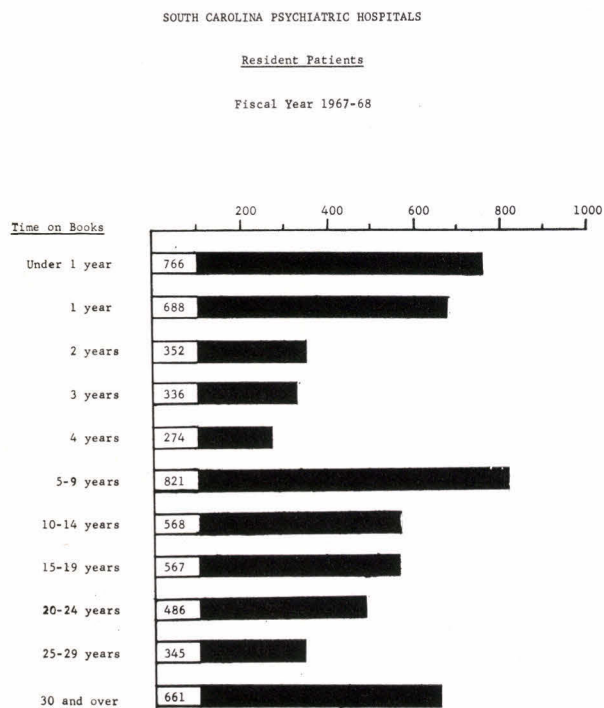
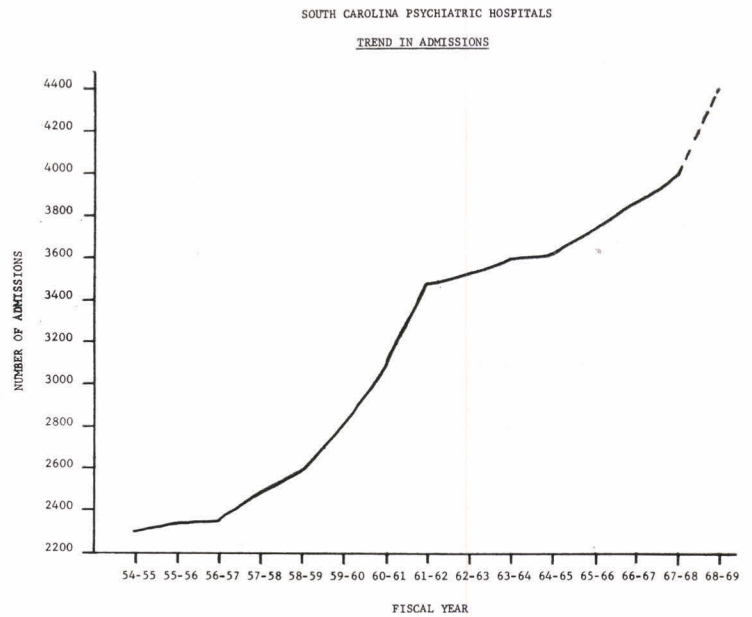
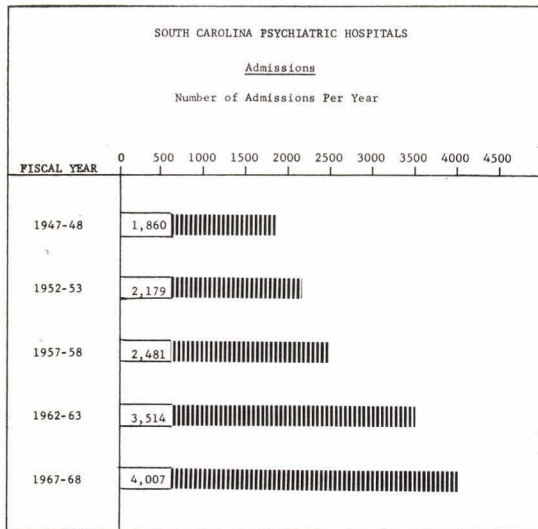


index to charts and graphs

I. All Psychiatric Hospitals	38
II. Community Mental Health Services	40
III. South Carolina State Hospital	41
IV. Crafts-Farrow State Hospital	43
V. William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute	45
VI. Pineland, A State Training School and Hospital	46

For complete statistical information please refer to the 1967-1968 Department of Mental Health Statistical Report.

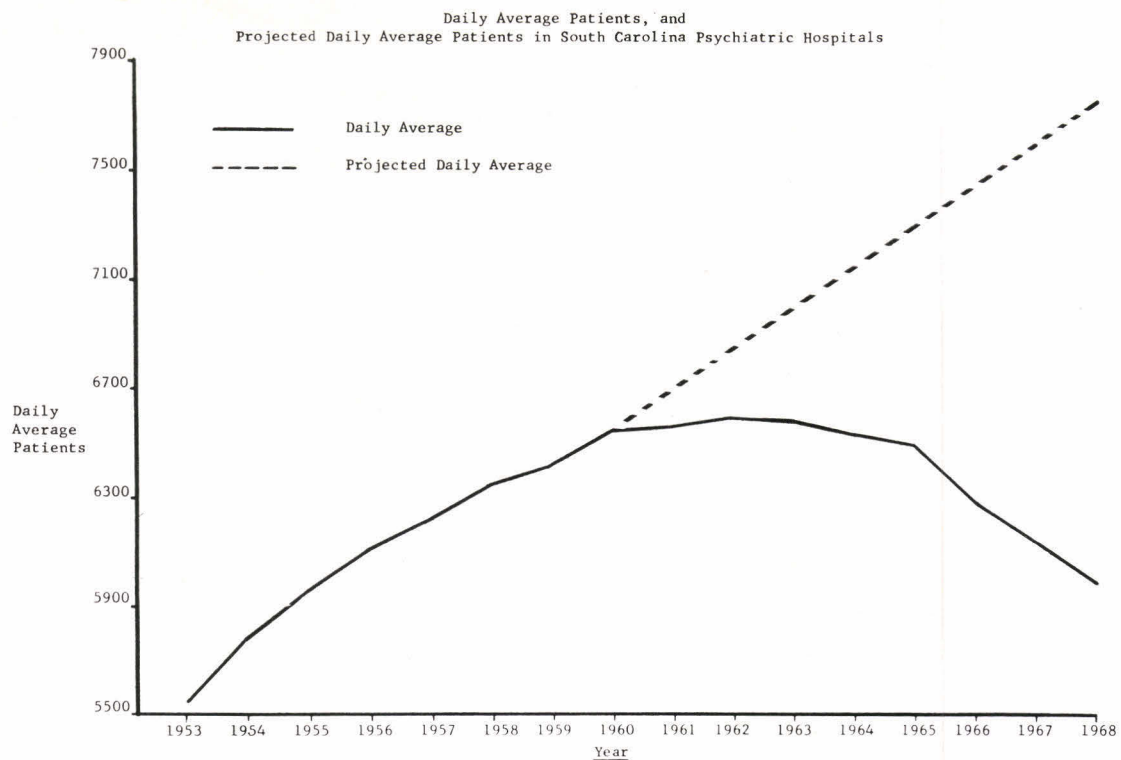
I. All Psychiatric Hospitals



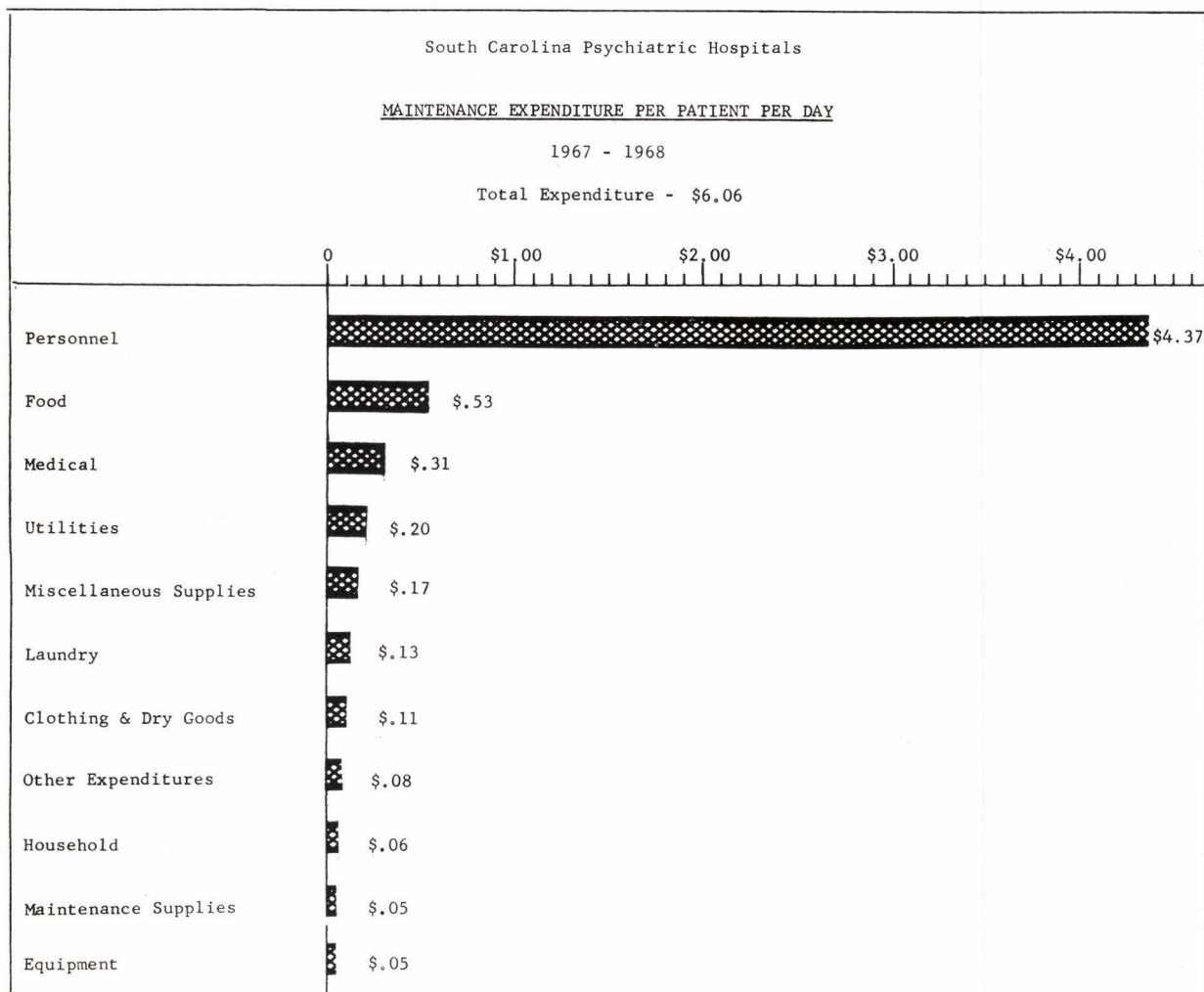
* Estimated

GENERAL STATISTICS
South Carolina Psychiatric Hospitals
Fiscal Year 67-68

Patient Movement	Male	Female	Total
Patients on books of hospital(s) at beginning of hospital year:			
In hospital(s).....	3181	2927	6108
On trial visit or otherwise absent.....	943	1372	2315
Total	4124	4299	8423
Admissions during twelve months:			
First admissions	1545	1117	2662
Re-admissions	709	636	1345
Transferred in	86	185	271
Total received	2340	1938	4278
Total on books during twelve months	6464	6237	12701
Discharged from books during twelve months	1997	1588	3585
Died during twelve months	314	316	630
Transferred out	98	196	294
Total separated	2409	2100	4509
Patients remaining on books at end of hospital year:			
In hospital(s)	3070	2826	5896
On trial visit or otherwise absent	985	1311	2296
Total	4055	4137	8192
Daily average in hospital(s)	3103	2891	5994
Trial visits granted	1219	1597	2816
Left without permission	379	182	561
Returned	796	720	1516
Regular discharges	1237	468	1705
Statistical discharges	760	1120	1880
Types of admissions:			
Voluntary	282	382	664
Medical Certificate, Non-Judicial	1199	1051	2250
Medical Certificate, Emergency	283	268	551
Judicial	2	3	5
Court Order	474	42	516
Order of Governor	2		2
Order of Mental Health Commission	12	7	19
Total	2254	1753	4007



The projected daily average was computed on the basis of the average increase during the years 1953 to 1960.



II. Community Mental Health Services

	FISCAL YEAR	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000
SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH	1947-48		378			
Division of Community Mental Health Services	1952-53		445			
Clinic Admissions	1957-58		1,049			
Number of Admissions Per Year	1962-63		2,255			
	1967-68		5,409			

TOTAL STAFF HOURS SPENT IN COMMUNITY SERVICE IN S. C. CLINICS, 1967-68

	TOTAL	Charleston County Mental Health Clinic	Greenville Area Mental Health Center	Richland - Lexington Mental Health Center	Spartanburg Area Mental Health Clinic	Pee-Dee Mental Health Center	York - Chester-Lancaster Mental Health Center	Beckman Center for Mental Health Services	Sumter-Clermont-Kershaw Mental Health Center	Anderson - Oconee-Pickens Mental Health Center	Tri-County Mental Health Center	Coastal Empire Mental Health Center	Aiken County Mental Health Center	WSHPI	*Georgetown-Horry Mental Health Center
1. Education															
During Hours	603	75	80	159½	11½	34½	30½	78	22	16	47	41½	6	1½	
After Hours	368½	54	29	12½	31½	86½	55	5½	25	10	24	20½	15		
2. In-Service Training															
During Hours	1398 ¾	100	67½	407½	116½	97½	10	83½	65	21	6	201½	67	156	
After Hours	79½	7	15	29		5	4	2				15½	2		
3. Consultation															
During Hours	3484 ¾	90	489½	243½	2	62½	319	738	484	379½	238	187½	247½	4	
After Hours	130	31	14	10		16	4	50				5			
4. Community Planning															
During Hours	3874	200	1287½	526	20	139½	322½	69½	477	593	9	180½	49½		
After Hours	314½	42	97	6		33½	47½	5	48		2	33½			
TOTAL SERVICE															
During Hours	9360½	465	1924½	1336½	150	333 ¾	682	969	1048	1009½	300	611	370	161½	
After Hours	892½	134	155	57½	31½	141	110½	62½	73	10	26	74½	15	2	

* Opened during fiscal year 1966-67

SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH

Direct Clinic Service to Patients, 1967-1968*

TYPE INTERVIEWS	TOTAL	Charleston County Mental Health Clinic	Greenville Area Mental Health Center	Richland - Lexington Mental Health Center	Spartanburg Area Mental Health Clinic	Pee-Dee Mental Health Center	York - Chester-Lancaster Mental Health Center	Beckman Center for Mental Health Services	Sumter-Clermont-Kershaw Mental Health Center	Anderson - Oconee-Pickens Mental Health Center	Tri-County Mental Health Center	Coastal Empire Mental Health Center	Aiken County Mental Health Center	WSHPI	Georgetown-Horry Mental Health Clinic
1. Interviews with or about patients	42,358	3,533	4,788	5,847	5,076	2,178	3,483	3,518	2,672	2,608	1,465	2,259	2,443	2,488	
2. Interviews in group psychotherapy	7,395	1,048	376	1,832	1,366	247	75	23	496	484	56		1,190	202	
3. Group Psychotherapy Session	1,947	225	116	447	409	75	14	7	145	206	13		248	42	
4. Follow-up interviews	2,362	25	326	329	35	245	360	572	30	68	110	13	249		
TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERVIEWS	49,753	4,581	5,164	7,679	6,442	2,425	3,558	3,541	3,168	3,092	1,521	2,259	3,633	2,690	
Average Daily Interviews	191.3	17.6	19.9	29.5	24.8	9.3	13.7	13.6	12.2	11.9	5.8	8.7	14.0	10.3	

III. South Carolina State Hospital

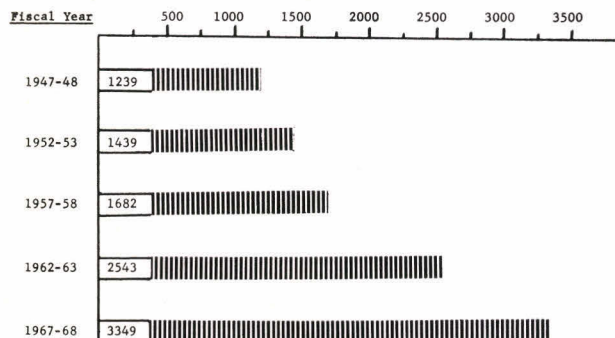
CRAFTS-FARROW STATE HOSPITAL
PATIENTS ADMITTED BY COUNTIES FISCAL YEAR 1967-68



SOUTH CAROLINA STATE HOSPITAL

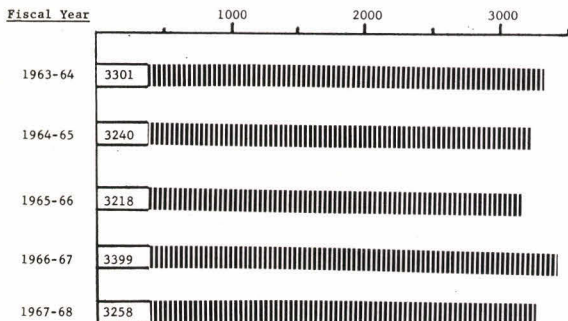
Admissions

Number of Admissions Per Year



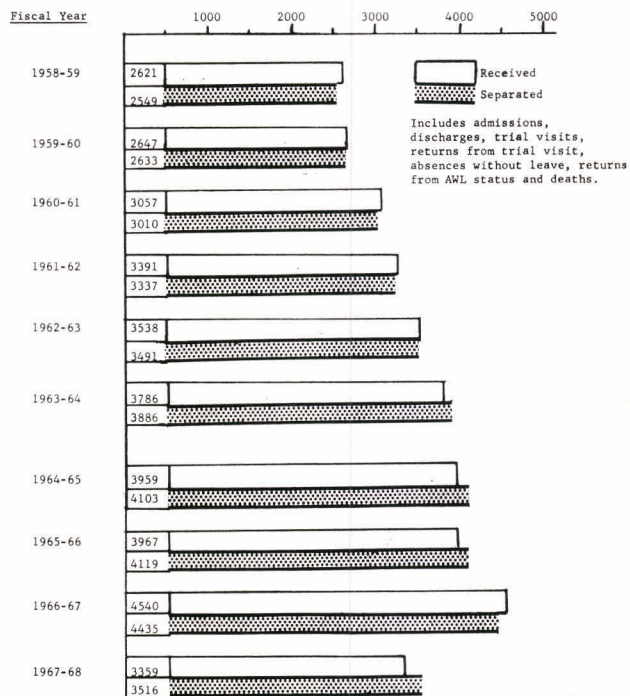
Average Daily Population

Number



SOUTH CAROLINA STATE HOSPITAL

Patients Received and Separated



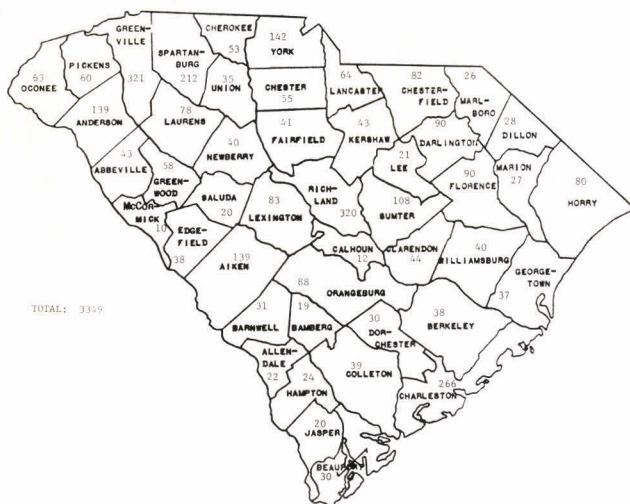
GENERAL STATISTICS

South Carolina State Hospital
Fiscal Year 67-68

Patient Movement	Male	Female	Total
Patients on books of hospital(s) at beginning of hospital year:			
In hospital(s).....	1748	1656	3404
On trial visit or otherwise absent.....	804	1188	1992
Total	2552	2844	5396
Admissions during twelve months:			
First admissions	1288	830	2118
Re-admissions	651	580	1231
Transferred in	5	5	10
Total received	1944	1415	3359
Total on books during twelve months	4496	4259	8755
Discharged from books during twelve months	1758	1323	3081
Died during twelve months	96	56	152
Transferred out	92	191	283
Total separated	1946	1570	3516
Patients remaining on books at end of hospital year:			
In hospital(s)	1710	1541	3251
On trial visit or otherwise absent	840	1148	1988
Total	2550	2689	5239
Daily average in hospital(s)	1707	1551	3258
Trial visits granted	1033	1409	2442
Left without permission	342	169	511
Returned	692	628	1320
Regular discharges	1111	333	1444
Statistical discharges	647	990	1637
Types of admissions:			
Voluntary	190	287	477
Medical Certificate, Non-Judicial	1000	840	1840
Medical Certificate, Emergency	269	233	502
Judicial	2	2	4
Court Order	466	42	508
Order of Governor	2		2
Order of Mental Health Commission	10	6	16
Total	1939	1410	3349

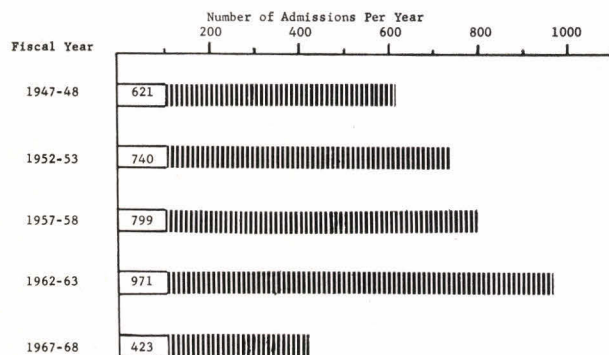
IV. Crafts-Farrow State Hospital

SOUTH CAROLINA STATE HOSPITAL
PATIENTS ADMITTED BY COUNTIES FISCAL YEAR 1967-68

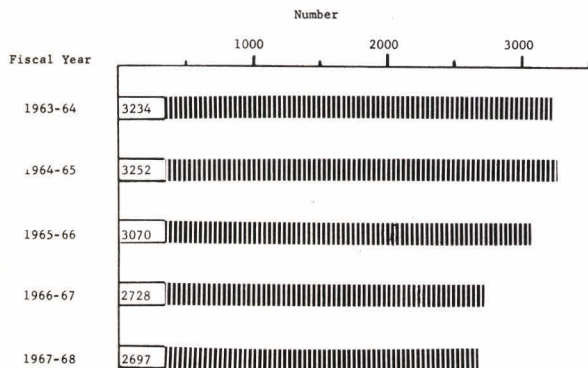


CRAFTS-FARROW STATE HOSPITAL

Admissions

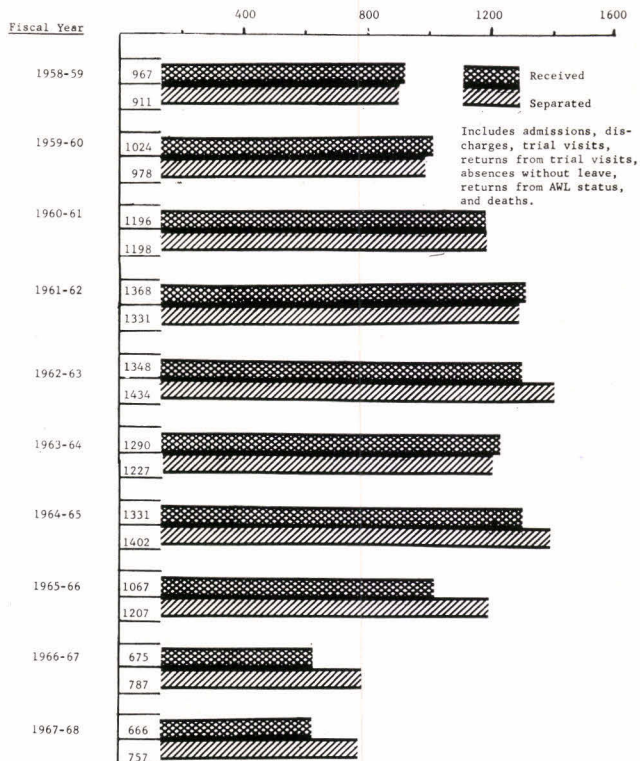


Average Daily Population



CRAFTS-FARROW STATE HOSPITAL

Patients Received and Separated



GENERAL STATISTICS
Crafts-Farrow State Hospital
Fiscal Year 67-68

Patient Movement	Male	Female	Total
Patients on books of hospital(s) at beginning of hospital year:			
In hospital(s).....	1424	1263	2687
On trial visit or otherwise absent.....	133	181	314
Total	1557	1444	3001
Admissions during twelve months:			
First admissions	159	177	336
Re-admissions	45	42	87
Transferred in	74	169	243
Total received	278	388	666
Total on books during twelve months	1835	1832	3667
Discharged from books during twelve months	136	141	277
Died during twelve months	217	260	477
Transferred out	3		3
Total separated	356	401	757
Patients remaining on books at end of hospital year:			
In hospital(s)	1342	1271	2613
On trial visit or otherwise absent	137	160	297
Total	1479	1431	2910
Daily average in hospital(s)	1380	1317	2697
Trial visits granted	176	184	360
Left without permission	34	11	45
Returned	98	88	186
Regular discharges	28	13	41
Statistical discharges	108	128	236
Types of admissions:			
Voluntary	11	7	18
Medical Certificate, Non-Judicial	174	182	356
Medical Certificate, Emergency	11	29	40
Judicial		1	1
Court Order	8		8
Order of Governor			
Order of Mental Health Commission			
Total	204	219	423

V. William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute

GENERAL STATISTICS
William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute
Fiscal Year 67-68

Patient Movement	Male	Female	Total
Patients on books of hospital(s) at beginning of hospital year:			
In hospital(s).....	9	8	17
On trial visit or otherwise absent.....	6	3	9
Total	15	11	26
Admissions during twelve months:			
First admissions	98	110	208
Re-admissions	13	14	27
Transferred in	7	11	18
Total received	118	135	253
Total on books during twelve months	133	146	279
Discharged from books during twelve months	103	124	227
Died during twelve months	1		1
Transferred out	3	5	8
Total separated	107	129	236
Patients remaining on books at end of hospital year:			
In hospital(s)	18	14	32
On trial visit or otherwise absent	8	3	11
Total	26	17	43
Daily average in hospital(s)	16	23	39
Trial visits granted	10	4	14
Left without permission	3	2	5
Returned	6	4	10
Regular discharges	98	122	220
Statistical discharges	5	2	7
Types of admissions:			
Voluntary	81	88	169
Medical Certificate, Non-Judicial	25	29	54
Medical Certificate, Emergency	3	6	9
Judicial			
Court Order			
Order of Governor			
Order of Mental Health Commission	2	1	3
Total	111	124	235

WILLIAM S. HALL PSYCHIATRIC INSTITUTE
PATIENTS ADMITTED BY COUNTIES FISCAL YEAR 1967-68



TOTAL: 235

VI. Pineland a State Training School and Hospital

PINELAND
TRAINEES ON BOOKS JUNE 30, 1968, BY COUNTIES OF RESIDENCE



TOTAL: 497

This includes residents and those on home visit or otherwise absent for less than two years.

PINELAND, A STATE TRAINING SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL

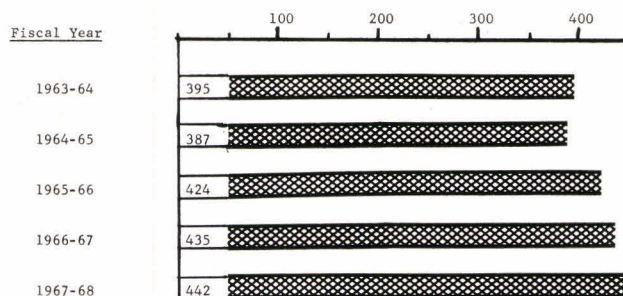
GENERAL STATISTICS

July 1, 1967 - June 30, 1968

	Male	Female	Total
Trainees on books at beginning of year:			
In institution	203	164	367
On home visit or otherwise absent	66	37	103
Total	269	201	470
Admissions during twelve months	114	65	179
Total on books during twelve months	383	266	649
Discharged from books during twelve months	91	53	144
Died during twelve months	4	4	8
Total discharged and died	95	57	152
Trainees remaining on books at end of year:			
In institution	241	186	427
On home visit or otherwise absent	47	23	70
Total	288	209	497
Daily average in institution	248	194	442

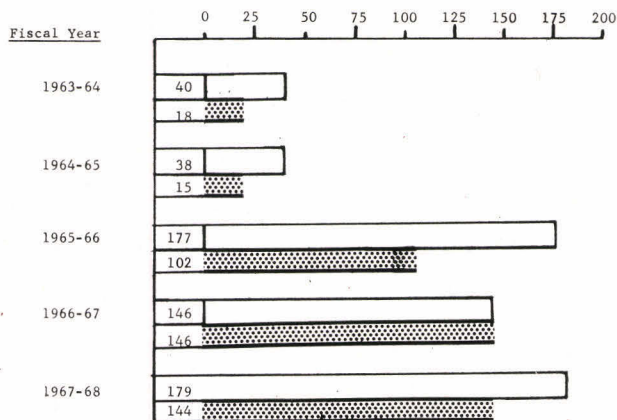
PINELAND, A STATE TRAINING SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL

Average Daily Population



PINELAND, A STATE TRAINING SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL

Trainees Admitted and Discharged

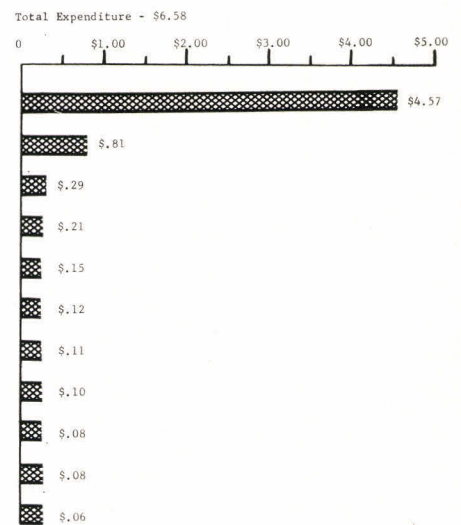


LEGEND: Admitted Discharged

PINELAND, A STATE TRAINING SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL

Mental Retardation Services

MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURE PER PATIENT PER DAY 1967 - 1968





South Carolina Department of Mental Health Staff

State Commissioner William S. Hall, M.D.

Deputy Commissioner Raymond E. Ackerman, M.D.
Community Mental Health Services

Deputy Commissioner Alexander G. Donald, M.D.
Education and Research

Deputy Commissioner John G. Morris, Jr.
Administrative Services

Superintendent William S. Hall, M.D.
South Carolina State Hospital

Administrator John G. Morris, Jr.
South Carolina State Hospital

Superintendent Thomas G. Faison, M.D.
Crafts-Farrow State Hospital

Administrator Claude C. Connelley
Crafts-Farrow State Hospital

Director Alexander G. Donald, M.D.
William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute

Administrator Forest P. Newman
William S. Hall Psychiatric Institute

Superintendent Edward A. Rondeau, M.D.
Pineland

Administrator Hal V. Curtis
Pineland

